Caledonian Mercury

No. 12,184. EDINBURGH, PRINTED BY ROBERT ALLAN, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 24. 1799. PRICE SIXPENCE.

WANTED AT MARTINMAS FIRST,

A GOOD FEMALE COOK, who has served as Chief Cook in repectable families, that can be well recommended for honesty, sobriety, diligence, cleanliness, and good temper.—None else need apply. Wages will be given agreeable to the qualifications of the person.

Apply to the Publisher of this paper.

WANTED AT MARTINMAS NEXT,

A CAPABLE YOUNG MAN, to act as GROOM, and drive a CHAISE, where other servants are kept, and assist.

He must be well recommended for sobriety, attendance, capacity, and behaviour.

Apply to Mess. Home and Cleghorn.

MID-LOTHIAN FENCIBLE CAVALRY.

WANTED,

A QUARTER-MASTER.—None need apply but such as can receive the most unquestionable character.—He must be an intelligent active man, not exceeding forty years of age, a good accountant, a good writer, and a man of strict honesty: If he has served as a soldier, it will be considered as an additional recommendation. He must be able to lodge One Hundred and Fifty Pounds as a pledge of his good conduct, which shall be placed in the hands of the Paymaster, whose reciept, as well as that of the Colonel of the Regiment, shall be given to the person who lodges it.—It will be repaid on the reduction of the regiment, or at any period when the Quarter-master may resign, after a settlement of his accounts.

Apply to Mr Brodie, No. 20. South Castle-Street, Edinburgh.

ANATOMY AND SURGERY.

MR BELL will begin his USUAL COURSE of LECTURES, on Tuesday, the 12th of November, and will conclude the Course on the 12th of February.

George's Street, No. 9.

CHEMISTRY AND PHARMACY.

MR NELSON will begin his usual Course of Lectures on CHEMISTRY and PHARMACY, on Tuesday November 5th, at ten o'clock forenoon, and a similar Course at seven o'clock in the evening, at his Class-room, Surgeon's Square. Gentlemen to whom it may be convenient will have the liberty of attending both Lectures.

In these Courses, a particular attention will be paid to PNEUMATIC CHEMISTRY; and an extensive series of Experiments and Processes will be exhibited in every branch of Chemical Science.

Tickets, Two Guineas—Perpetual Tickets, Four Guineas.

☞ Mr N. will admit a few Gentlemen as Practising Pupils—Fee, Five Guineas.

TAR FOR SALE,

A CARGO just arrived at Borrowstounness from Archangel. Apply to James and Andrew Tod, and Co.

Borrowstounness, October 22. 1799.

NOTICE.

THE Roup of the DUTCH LINT SEED and CLOVER SEED, advertised to be at Dundee on Tuesday the 29th October instant, is not to take place.—Of which due intimation is hereby given. *Dundee, Oct. 21. 1799.*

SALE OF BRITISH LINEN COMPANY STOCK.

TO BE SOLD,

SEVERAL SHARES of BRITISH LINEN COMPANY STOCK.

Apply to Archibald and John Tods, W. S.

ON CONSIGNMENT, FOR SALE,

SEVEN Tons LUMPS and Single REFINED SUGARS.
20 Hogsheads and Tierces POWDER SUGAR,
300 Wt. fine CASSIA CINNAMON,
200 Reams ELEPHANT ROYAL, and DEMY PAPER, 8 Hogsheads fine ENGLISH APPLES—and
A few Firkins IRISH BUTTER.

Apply to DAVID VALENCE, Heriot's Bridge.

Edinburgh, Oct. 17. 1799.

TO THE PUBLIC.

ROBERT REID, Land-surveyor at Mount Alexander, having entered into new engagements respecting the Fir Woods of Rannoch, he begs leave to intimate, That in future he cannot sell the timber from these Woods at the rates formerly advertised.—*Rannoch Oct. 18. 1799.*

ARRIVED AT LEITH FROM HAMBURGH,

THE LONDON,
ROBERT BARLOW Master.
Proprietors of Goods on board may apply to WM. and R. MOWBRAY.

Leith, Oct. 24. 1799.

AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,

The Union Shipping Company's Armed Smack,
BERWICKSHIRE PACKET,
JAMES CUMMINS Master,
Will take in goods till Saturday evening, and sail on Sunday at noon.

Union Shipping Co's. Office, Leith, Oct. 24. 1799.

FOR PORT ANTONIO, ANNOTTO BAY, PORT MARIA, and ORACABESSA in JAMAICA,

THE SHIP GARTHLAND,
Of 300 tons, copper fastened, & copper sheathed,
ROBERT LEITCH Master,
Now at Greenock, will be ready to receive goods on board by the 5th October, and to sail by the 25th of that month The Garthland sails fast, mounts ten carriage guns, will have upwards of twenty people, and is to join the first convoy going from Cork for the West Indies in November.

For freight or passage, apply to Walter Ritchie and Co. in Greenock.——*Sept. 21. 1799.*

FOR SALE,

THE SHIP TURTON,
Now lying in the harbour of Port-Glasgow, admeasuring per register 200 tons, built at Dysart in 1794. This Ship sails fast, is in complete order, and well found, her materials being of the best quality, and could be sent to sea at a very small expence.

For inventory and other particulars apply to John Campbell, sen. and Co. Glasgow; A. M'Lachlan and Co. or Capt. Ross, Port-Glasgow.

FOR CARRIACOW AND GRANEDA,
THE SHIP MARGARET, RICH. BROWN Master.
FOR DEMARARY,
THE SHIP HERBERTS, WM. HAMILTON Master.
FOR ST VINCENT,
THE SHIP EGLINTOUNE, WM. DOUGLAS Master.

The Margaret and Herberts, will be clear to sail from Clyde by the 15th November, and the Eglintoune, by the 25th December.

For freight or passage, please apply to the Masters at Port-Glasgow, or to JOHN CAMPBELL, Sen. & CO.

N. B. WANTED to serve on an Estate in St Vincent, for three years, a YOUNG GENTLEMAN regularly bred up to Physic, to whom, if found deserving, handsome encouragement will be given. *Glasgow, October 18, 1799.*

TO THE DEBTORS AND CREDITORS OF
The deceased ALEXANDER SLATE, Wood Merchant at Gogar.

THOSE to whom Mr SLATE stood indebted at the time of his death, will please send their claims to Mr John Slate, jun. at Gogar, or George Carphin, solicitor at law, Royal Bank Close, Edinburgh.

It is requested that those who stood indebted to the said Alexander Slate, will pay the sums due by them either to the said John Slate at Gogar, or George Carphin.

This day is published,
PROPOSALS FOR PRINTING BY SUBSCRIPTION,
That Scarce and Valuable Work,
THE ŒCONOMY OF THE COVENANTS BETWEEN GOD AND MAN;
Comprehending a Complete Body of Divinity.
By HERMAN WITSIUS, D. D.
Professor of Divinity in the Universities of Franeker, Utrecht, and Leyden; also Regent of the Divinity Colleges of the States of Holland and West Friesland. Faithfully translated from the Latin.

To which will be prefixed, the LIFE of the AUTHOR, and a highly finished PORTRAIT, by an Artist in London.

CONDITIONS.

I.—This Work will be printed on the *finest* Demy Paper and a new type.

II.—It will be comprised in about *Twenty-four* Numbers, making Three handsome octavo Volumes.

III.—A Number, containing 56 pages octavo, to be delivered once a fortnight—price 6d. to be paid on delivery.

IV.—Those subscribing for twelve copies shall have one *gratis*.

*** As no more copies are designed to be thrown off than are subscribed for, those intending to do so will send in their names as soon as possible, in order that the number may be ascertained.

Subscriptions received by R. ROSS, Bookseller, Lawnmarket, Edinburgh, (the publisher;) and the following booksellers—P. Lyle, Dalkeith; G. Miller, Dunbar, M. Ogle, Glasgow; H Crichton and Co. Paisley; Charles ——, Hamilton; J. Ford, Kirkcaldy; E. Leslie and G. Milne, Dundee; and A. Brown, Aberdeen.

—TO THE PUBLIC.—

The writings of Witsius are held in the highest esteem by the serious of every denomination who are acquainted with them, particularly his *Oeconomy of the Covenants*, the Work now offered the Public. It has become so exceeding scarce, that it is difficult to procure a single copy by purchase. On that account, as this valuable book is much wanted, the publisher has been thereby induced, for the accommodation of purchasers, to print an edition by subscription; which will be done from the best translation.

At the Shop of R. ROSS, as above, may be had, great variety of Paper Books, Ruled and Plain Bound in Parchment; with every article in the Stationary line—and a variety of old Latin and English Dictionaries, Greek Lexicons, Delphini Classics, &c. &c.

R. Ross begs leave to acquaint the Public, that he is now selling books by auction in his sale room, second stair above the Tron Church, High Street, (and to continue during the winter.) Each day's books to be viewed from 12 to 3 o'clock. The sale to commence every evening at six o'clock precisely. R. Ross will give a liberal price for any library or parcel of old books, or sell them by auction on a moderate commission.

Just Published, price 12s. 6d. in boards,
[Dedicated, by permission, to the KING]
[Vol. I. Part II. of the]
SUPPLEMENT
TO THE
ENCYCLOPÆDIA BRITANINCA,
CONDUCTED BY
GEORGE GLEIG, L. L. D. and F. R. S. Edinburgh;
The Editor of the last six Volumes of that Work.

This volume, among much new matter, contains, besides a very perspicuous view of the modern system of *Chemistry*, several articles, in which the principles of *Science* are applied with address to improve and embellish the arts of life; such as, *Arch*, *Building*, *Carpentry*, the turning of *Centres*, and *Bleaching*. It contains likewise the most accurate account, perhaps, that has yet appeared in the English Language, of the doctrine of *Moving Forces*, under the titles *Dynamics* and *Impulsion*; as well as of the lately observed *Phænomena*, which has been called *Animal Electricity*, or more properly *Galvanism*; together with a concise View of the rise, progress and principles of the *French Jacobins*, and the German *Illuminati*.

Its *Biography* will be found literary and interesting.

Sold by the principal Booksellers in Great Brirain and Ireland.

To be SOLD, by auction, on Tuesday the 29th current, in that Large Lodging, in St Andrews Square, No. 20.

THE WHOLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of Dining-Room and Drawing-Room Furniture, Mahogany Tables, Chairs, Drawers, Handsome Mirror Glasses, fine Patent Grates, Carpets, Kitchen Furniture.

The Sale to begin at 11 o'clock, and continue till all is sold off. JOHN & J. PATERSONS, Auctioneers.

HOUSE IN BROWN's SQUARE,
To be LET FURNISHED,

THE LODGING in Brown's Square, possessed by the Rev. Dr Grieve, consisting of three storeys and sunk storey, with Back Court, containing Scullery and other conveniencies, will be let furnished till Whitsunday next, and may be entered to immediately.

For particulars enquire at Mess. John and Alex. Grieves, merchants, High Street, or at the house, which may be seen every day.

HOUSE IN GEORGE's STREET FOR SALE.

To be SOLD by public auction, on Wednesday the 13th of November next, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, at two o'clock afternoon,

THAT HOUSE, No. 9, on the south side of George's Street, consisting of the first and sunk storeys, and containing eight fire rooms, two large sleeping closets, with back ground, cellars, water-pipe, and other conveniencies, under lease for three years from Whitsunday 1799, at a rent of 70l.

The premisses may be seen on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays, between the hours of one & three o'clock afternoon; and for further particulars enquiry may be made at Mr Inglis, W. S. No 49 Queen's Street, who has power to conclude a private bargain, previous to the day of sale.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC ROUP,

Within John's Coffeehouse, upon Monday the 4th November next, between the hours of one and two o'clock afternoon,

ALL and Whole, that TENEMENT of LAND, High and Laigh, with the pertinents lying in the Close called Cessford's Closs, with two little areas or pieces of waste ground thereto belonging, and that Tenement of Land, built by Charles Bruce, upon one or part of the said areas; which Subjects consist of four dwelling houses, some time possessed by Wm. Grant, Mrs White, Donald Mackie, and Alex. M'Grigor, and a work-house and shop, some time possessed by Wm. Millar, hatter, with a small timber shade or too-fall, also sometime possessed by John M'Laughlan.

For further particulars, apply to John Young, mason, Grassmarket, Edinburgh; or Francis Lauder, writer in Edinburgh.

SHOP AND HOUSE.

To be SOLD, by public roup, on Wednesday the 30th day of October current, in the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, at two o'clock afternoon,

THE LARGE SHOP and HOUSE, being Three Flats of that Tenement, No. 15, South St Andrew's Street, west side, belonging to JOHN KELTIE, Perfumer.

The sunk flat consists of four rooms and kitchen, with two bed closets, and other conveniencies; the shop flat, of an elegant shop, with a large room, bed-closet, and another light closet behind; and the flat above consists of a large dining or drawing-room, two good bed-rooms, and a bed-closet.

There is besides a paved back court and offices, and there are two cellars under the pavement in front, with catacombs, water-pipe, water-closet, &c.

The property is laid out for being possessed together, but each flat may be possessed separately. The whole will be first set up in one lot, and if not sold together, the shop, with a parlour behind, and back court and offices, will be set up in one lot, and the Lodging and Sunk Flat, with one Room or Kitchen taken off the shop flat in another lot, conform to a plan to be shewn at the sale.

For further particulars apply to Mr Geo. Spankie, merchant, High Street, or William Callender, writer, Gosford's Court.

This Day is Published,
By WILLIAM CREECH, Edinburgh,
And WILLIAM COKE, Leith;
In One Vol. 8vo, illustrated by many Figures, and three Copperplates—Price 5s. in boards,

THE ELEMENTS OF EUCLID,
VIZ.
THE FIRST SIX BOOKS, with the ELEVENTH and TWELFTH.

In which the corrections of Dr SIMSON are generally adopted, but the errors overlooked by him are corrected, and the obscurities of his and other Editions explained.

Also, some of Euclid's Demonstrations are restored, others made shorter and more general, and several useful propositions are added.

With ELEMENTS of PLAIN and SPHERICAL TRIGONOMETRY,
And a TREATISE on PRACTICAL GEOMETRY.
By ALEXANDER INGRAM, Philomath.

As above may be had, by the same Author,
PRINCIPLES of GEOGRAPHY, containing the uses of the Globes, and a Description of the different Countries which are known to us, for the Use of Schools, price 9d.—Sold likewise by J. Burnett, Aberdeen; J. Scatchard, London; W. Jones, Liverpool; R. and E. Mercier, Dublin; and W. Magee, Belfast.

Of WILLIAM CREECH *may also be had,*
The following valuable MATHEMATICAL WORKS;

1. Professor HAMILTON's MATHEMATICAL TABLES, containing Logarithms, and various other Tables useful in Navigation and Practical Geometry, Annuities, &c. 8vo—4s. in boards.
2. Dr TRAIL's ELEMENTS of ALGEBRA, for the Use of Students, 8vo, 4th edition, with an Appendix—6s. bound.
3. WEST's ELEMENTS of MATHEMATICS; comprehending Geometry, Conic Sections, Mensuration, and Spherics, 8vo, illustrated with 30 Copperplates—7s. 6d. bound.
4. Dr SIMSON's ELEMENTS of CONIC SECTIONS, 8vo, with 14 Copperplates—6s. bound.
5. Dr MATTHEW STEWART's PROPOSITIONES GEOMETRICÆ, 8vo, with 21 Copperplates—3s. 6d. in boards.

IRISH AND ENGLISH STATE LOTTERIES, 1799.

IRISH STATE LOTTERY	ENGLISH STATE LOTTERY
Begins drawing 18th of November.	Begins drawing 3d of March, 1800.

THE TICKETS, HALVES, QUARTERS, EIGHTHS, AND SIXTEENTHS, are now selling, in great Variety of Numbers, and on the lowest Terms.

The Money for the Prizes paid on demand, by
HORNSBY & CO.
STOCK-BROKERS,
At their Old Established State Lottery Office,
(Licensed pursuant to Act of Parliament,)
No. 26, CORNHILL,
Opposite the Royal Exchange, London:
ALSO AT
Messrs TREWMAN and SON's, Exeter;
And at Mr THOMAS BILLINGE's, Liverpool.
The only Office that has sold Two Prizes of 30,000l.
No. 33,979, and 42,369.
CAPITAL PRIZES
Sold, shared, and registered, by
HORNSBY & CO.

2 Prizes of Thirty Thousand Pounds.
7 Prizes of Twenty Thousand Pounds.
1 Prize of Fifteen Thousand Pounds.
13 Prizes of Ten Thousand Pounds.
18 Prizes of Five Thousand Pounds.
28 Prizes of Two Thousand Pounds.
45 Prizes of One Thousand Pounds.
72 Prizes of Five Hundred Pounds.

Correct Numerical and Register Books are kept, and Tickets and Shares registered at Sixpence per number.

Orders accompanied with good bills, payable at sight or of a short date, will be punctually attended to.

All shares sold at this Office will be stamped, agreeable to act of Parliament, with the words "State Lottery Stamp Office."

Bank, India, and South Sea Stocks, with their several annuities, and all kinds of Government Securities, bought and sold by commission.

Clubs, Societies, and individual Purchasers in the Lottery, may depend on every attention being paid to their interest by Hornsby and Co.

NOVEMBER 18th next,
THE IRISH STATE LOTTERY
Commences Drawing.

SCHEME.

No. of Prizes.		*Val. of each.*		*Total Val.*
1	of	L. 15,000	is	L. 15,000
2	—	10,000	—	20,000
3	—	5,000	—	15,000
3	—	2,000	—	6,000
4	—	1,000	—	4,000
8	—	500	—	4,000
30	—	100	—	3,000
100	—	20	—	2,000
9,000	—	9	—	81,000
9,151 Prizes.				L. 150,000
25,849 Blanks.				
35,000 Tickets.				

The First-drawn 21st day 5,000 l. First-drawn 23d day 10,000l. are part of the above Capitals.

TICKETS AND SHARES
Are selling at every Licensed Office, and the Prizes will be paid as usual on demand.

Present Prices.

Tickets	- -	L. 7 14 0			
Half	- L. 4 2 0		Eighth	- L. 1 1 6	
Fourth	- 2 2 0		Sixteenth	- 0 11 0	

Persons in the country, remitting Post-Office orders, cash by the mail or stage-coachmen, to any Lottery-Office of credit, will have Tickets or Shares sent them on the same terms as if personally present.

The demand for Tickets and Shares in the present Lottery being very great, the price will regularly advance as the drawing approaches, the same as in the late Lottery.

A GRAND SCHEME.
ENGLISH STATE LOTTERY, 1799,
BEGINS DRAWING MARCH 3, 1800.

No. of Prizes.		Val. of each.		Total Val.
2	of	L. 30,000	—	L. 60,000
3	—	20,000	—	60,000
3	—	10,000	—	30,000
4	—	5,000	—	20,000
5	—	2,000	—	10,000
10	—	1,000	—	10,000
10	—	500	—	5,000
26	—	100	—	2,600
54	—	50	—	2,700
16,550	—	18	—	299,700
16,767 Prizes.				L. 500,000
38,233 Blanks.				
55,000				

Part of the above Capitals, will be determined as under, viz.
First-drawn 20th Day 20,000
Ditto —— 26th Day 30,000

TICKETS and SHARES are selling at the Licensed Lottery-Offices in England, Scotland, and Ireland, at the present low prices, viz.

Tickets - - - - L. 15 12 0

Halves	- - L. 8 0 0	Eighths	- - L. 2 1 0
Quarters	- - 4 1 0	Sixteenths	- - 1 1 0

NEW FURRS AND PRINTED CALLICOES.

SHIRREFF and DUDGEON, No 36, South Bridge Street, Edinburgh, and No. 80, Hutcheson's Street, Glasgow, beg leave to attract the attention of the *Ladies* to their NEW ASSORTMENT of FURRS, GARMENT and FURNITURE CALLICOES, purchased by one of the partners now residing in London. They can with confidence recommend this immense Variety, as they are by far the most extensive they ever had in their power to exhibit. They will be sold with their usual low profits, and hope, on inspection, be found equal if not superior to any in the trade.

Museum of Elegance and Fashion, South Bridge Street, Edin. Oct. 24. 1799.

N. B. Two Apprentices Wanted, who can be well recommended.

IRISH STATE LOTTERY.

Begins Drawing on Monday the 18th November 1799.

THE TICKETS ARE SOLD,
And Divided into
Half, Fourth, Eighth, and Sixteenth Shares,
AT THE LONDON PRICES,
BY JOHN WHITE AND CO.
At their Licensed State Lottery Office,
OPPOSITE THE TRON CHURCH, EDINBURGH,
Where
TICKETS AND SHARES
FOR THE BRITISH STATE LOTTERY,
Which begins Drawing the 3d March, are also selling in *Variety of Numbers.*

PRESENT PRICES OF SHARES.

Irish—				*British*—			
Half,	L. 4	2	0	Half	L. 7	19	0
Fourth,	2	2	0	Fourth	4	0	0
Eighth,	1	1	6	Eighth	2	0	6
Sixteenth,	0	11	0	Sixteenth	1	0	6

J. WHITE & Co. recommend *purchasing early*, Tickets having already *advanced*, and are likely to be much higher.

Commissions with cash, or bills at a short date, executed on the same terms as if personally present.—Schemes gratis.—Letters (post paid) duly answered.

SALE OF HORSES, &c AT HAMILTON HOUSE.

Upon Friday, the 1st November 1799, will be SOLD by roup at Hamilton House,

A NUMBER of RIDING and CARRIAGE HORSES, WORK HORSES, BROOD MARES and FILLIES, &c.

AMONG THESE,

Ruler, a beautiful Bay Horse, got by Ruler; his dam by Traymaster, out of the dam of Windleston, by Le Lang; great grand-dam by Rib, out of Miss Weston; she was got by Ledbury, and was own sister to the grand-dam of Eclipse.—He is remarkably quiet and well broke, and fit either for a Hunter or a Charger, for which last purpose there are few such horses to be met with.

Goldfinder, got by Goldfinder, his dam by Sportsman, grand-dam by Cullen Arabian, great grand-dam by Rib, great great grand-dam by Partner, which was Griswood's Lady's Thigh.—His stock is excellent.

General Washington, by an Arabian, out of a Welch mare.

Hercules, a Bay Gelding, by Hercules, out of a Welch mare, fit either for a Hunter or Charger.

Two thorough-bred exceedingly handsome and active *Geldings*, which were in use to draw a light Phæton.

Hacks, Ponies, Welch Asses, and Colts; Pointers, Greyhounds and other Dogs. The roup to begin at eleven o'clock forenoon.

SALE OF A PAPER MILL, RAGS, HORSES, CARTS, &c.

On Tuesday the 29th October curt. there will be exposed to public Roup, and Sale, at Balerno Paper Mill, near CURRIE,

A QUANTITY of RAGS, of different denominations, fit for Paper Makers,—several Horses and Carts, a quantity of Wood of different kinds, and in general all the Moveable Effects at the said Paper Mill, excepting the machinery and manufacturing utensils, being part of the Sequestrated Estate of Messrs Nisbet and Co. Paper Manufacturers there. The Roup to begin at 12 o'clock, and to continue till all are sold off.

The said Paper Mill itself, consisting of Four Engines and Six Vatts, with the whole Machinery and Apparatus thereto belonging, is also to be exposed to sale in the course of the ensuing Winter; and as the whole premisses have been erected from the foundation within these ten years upon the most improved construction, and at an expence of about L. 5000 Sterling, and possess many advantages in point of situation, it will be well worth the attention of any person wishing to engage in that manufacture, as it will be put up at about one fourth of the original cost.

Intended purchasers may satisfy themselves as to the state of the premisses by applying at the Mill, and further particulars may be learned from Robert Cameron, writer in Edinburgh, trustee upon the said sequestrated estate.

WOODS AT CULROSS ABBEY.

To be SOLD by roup in the parks of Culross, on Thursday next, the 31st day of October curt. at 10 o'clock forenoon, in lots,

FULL GROWN WOOD and Thinnings of young Plantations.—The wood consists of a large quantity of Beeches, well adapted for Boat-building, Coach-making, Herring-curing, &c. a considerable quantity of Plane, fit for Block-makers, Turners, &c. large and small Ashes, fit for Coal-masters, Pick Shafts, Spade Shafts, &c. a considerable number of full grown Trees of all sorts, as Plane, Elm, Gean, &c.

The wood is within a few hundred yards of the pier, and the lots in which it is proposed to be sold, will be shown by Andrew Malcolm gardener, or by Robert Harrower.

SCOTS FIR TIMBER.

ABOUT 7000 old SCOTS FIR TREES, containing at an average, about 12 solid feet of Timber each Tree, are to be sold by roup within the New Inn at Inverary, upon Thursday the 16th day of Nov. 1799, at noon—unless previously disposed of by private bargain, of which notice will be given.

The Trees are growing within a quarter of a mile or thereby of the shore of Lochfine, where they may be conveniently shipped.

The purchaser must cut down the Trees and carry them away.

For other particulars apply to Mr Ferrier, W. S. Edinburgh; or Mr Graham, Inverary.

ROUP OF TOLLS,
AND INTIMATION TO TRUSTEES,
IN THE COUNTY OF FORFAR.

Upon Friday, the 25th day of October current, betwixt the hours of twelve noon and one afternoon, there will be exposed to public roup, within the house of William Gordon, innkeeper in Dundee,

A SET of the TOLLS and DUTIES to be collected at the respective Turnpike Gates or Bars after mentioned, for one year from and after the eleventh day of November next,

—VIZ.—

The Turnpike Gate at Logie,
Ditto —— at Auchterhouse,
Ditto —— at Stoneye, and } on the Cupar
Ditto —— at Lundie, } road.

The articles of roup to be seen in the hands of Patrick Duff, writer in Dundee.

The Trustees are requested to meet in Gordon's on the above day, at eleven o'clock forenoon.

Dundee, Oct. 9. 1799. PATRICK DUFF, Clk.

MILLS NEAR PERTH TO BE LET.

THE MILLS and MILL-LANDS of PITCAIRN, situated on the river Almond, about three miles from Perth, are to be let on a lease for 19 years, from Whitsunday next.

They have the command of the whole water in the river, and the mills worked by the present fall, are two Oil-mills and a Flour-mill.

There is no survey of the Lands in their present state, but it is believed that their extent is upwards of 30 acres.

By erecting a new dam a little higher on the river, an additional fall may be obtained, more than equal to what works the present mills.

For farther particulars application may be made to the proprietor at Methven castle, or to Archibald Lundie, W. S. either of whom will receive proposals in writing, betwixt and January 1800.

LONDON GAZETTE—October 19.

DOWNING STREET—October 19, 1799.

Dispatches of which the following are copy and extracts, have been received from Lieutenant-Colonel RAMSAY, and Lieutenant-Colonel H. CLINTON, by the Right Hon. Lord GRENVILLE, his Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Foreign Department.

Copy of a dispatch from Lieutenant-Colonel RAMSAY to Lord GRENVILLE, dated head-quarters, Shaffhausen, September 30, 1799.

MY LORD,

IT is with extreme regret I inform your Lordship, that an attack has been made on the allied army, the result of which has been favourable to the enemy.

The combined operations of the allies, of which your Lordship is already informed, were intended to have taken place on the 26th and 27th; and six battalions of the army, commanded by General Korsakof, were detached to Uznach on the 25th, for the purpose of increasing the force destined to act in that quarter.

The enemy, who was, no doubt, apprised of this circumstance, attacked the Russian army on the 25th, at a very early hour in the morning: A brisk attack of musquetry was heard on our left in the neighbourhood of Wallishofen, accompanied by a cannonade on our right, which appeared to proceed from the neighbourhood of Baden.

The attack on our left was intended merely for the purpose of drawing the attention from the true point; and the enemy passed the Limmat in great force in the neighbourhood of Weinengen, between Zurich and Baden.

By this manœuvre they broke the line in that quarter, cut off from the army the eight battalions under the command of Generals Markof and Durasof, who were posted between Weinengen and the Rhine; and, after leaving a corps for the purpose of observing and attacking them, they ascended the Limmat towards Zurich.

A regiment of dragoons being, in consequence of the detachments that had been sent away, and the troops that had been drawn to the left, the only force remaining in the part where the passage was effected, the enemy advanced and arrived in the neighbourhood of Zurich before they experienced any resistance of consequence; the plain in front of Zurich between the Limmat and the heights, which, running parallel to the Limmat, form a continuation of the Albis to the north-west, being occupied at the same time by a line of their infantry and cavalry, who, with a very numerous train of artillery, attacked with great vigour the troops in front of Zurich, and prevented their detaching to their right, the point on which the great efforts of the enemy were directed.

At a late hour in the forenoon some reinforcements arrived on this side of the Limmat, but the enemy were already masters of some of the principal heights which command the town; and notwithstanding the bravery displayed by the Russians in their repeated attacks, the superiority in point of force and position on the side of the French rendered it impossible for them to regain that which had been lost. At sunset the French had made themselves masters of part of the Zurich-Berg and nearly surrounded the town.

The attack on the position of General Hotze had terminated rather in favour of the Austrians, but General Hotze was unfortunately killed at the commencement of the action, and General Petrarsch, who succeeded to the command of the army, having resolved, in consequence of the loss he had sustained, to avoid the attack which he expected the next morning, retreated in the night from Uznach.

The situation of the Russian army was thus rendered still more critical, and it became absolutely necessary to abandon Zurich and the position in that neighbourhood, without delay. On the 26th in the morning the retreat took place, and the whole arrived in the course of that night in the neighbourhood of Eglisau and Shaffhausen without experiencing any loss of consequence during their march.

We have to regret the loss of between 2000 and 3000 men killed, wounded, and missing; and 10 pieces of cannon have, with a part of the baggage, fallen into the hands of the enemy. A nearly equal number of French cannon were taken by the Russians, but the want of horses, which prevented them from taking away their own, was the cause of their being also obliged to leave these.

The army under the command of General Korsakof is at present posted with its right to Eglisau, and its left to the Lake of Constance.

By a letter just arrived from Field-Marshal Suwarrow, it appears that he has taken the Mont St Gothard, and is at present advancing towards Altdorf and Schweitz. I have the honour to be, &c.

JOHN RAMSAY.

Extract of a Dispatch from Lieutenant-Colonel RAMSAY to Lord GRENVILLE, dated Head-quarters, Shaffhausen, September 30, 1799.

YOUR Lordship has already no doubt received accounts through France, of the calamities which have befallen us in this country, in which our losses have most probably been exaggerated to a great degree. Aware of this I would if possible have sent your Lordship an earlier account; but it was impossible for me to give a correct statement of the real state of things, which was much worse to appearance when the army first arrived here than at present.

General Petrarsch has retreated from the different positions between Uznach and Rheinech, where it is supposed he has already passed the Rhine, and this part of Switzerland may be considered as completely evacuated for the present; it is the more unfortunate, as the successes of Field-Marshal Suwarrow would have rendered the success of the projected operation almost certain, if we had fortunately been able to retain our position. At present the Field-Marshal's situation will be rendered very critical, if timely notice has not been received by him of the retreat of the armies.

I am sorry to inform your Lordship, that from the reports I have received, there is reason to apprehend that the Swiss regiments of Bachman and Rovorea have suffered considerably. I have as yet received no exact accounts, and I will defer therefore making any report to your Lordship till another opportunity occurs, as I am in hopes their loss has been chiefly occasioned by dispersion, in which case it will probably every day diminish.

Extract of a Letter from Lieutenant-Colonel HENRY CLINTON to Lord GRENVILLE, dated Bellenzona, Sept. 16. 1799.

HAVING been directed by Lord Mulgrave to attend Field-Marshal Suwarrow on his march to Switzerland, and to transmit to your Lordship accounts of the proceedings of this army, I have the honour to inform you, that it reached Tavence, about ten miles short of this place, yesterday evening; having performed in five days a distance of one hundred and sixteen English miles. It was the Field-Marshal's intention to have recovered, by the length of his marches, the three days lost by the false alarm for the safety of Tortona; but the assemblage of mules which was ordered to be made at this place not being completed, and the impossibility of carriages proceeding any further in the mountains, obliges him to halt for one day.

Extract of a Letter from Munich, dated September 29. 1799

Two thousand four hundred men, as a part of the Elector's contingent, are to march on the 1st of next month from the neighbourhood of Donanwerth to join the army of the Archduke Charles.

The plan for forming into military corps the inhabitants of the Palatinate is to have its effect throughout the Circle of Bavaria. It is framed for twenty thousand men, and is to be commanded in Bavaria by Major-General Duroy, an officer enjoying a high military character.

Head-Quarters, Savigliano, Sept. 18. 1799.

ON the 16th the Austrian army arrived at Bra. On the same day the French advanced from the side of Coni and Pignerol, to Fossano and Savigliano. In the latter place they succeeded in taking by surprise an Austrian detachment, consisting of four hundred men, and two pieces of cannon. It was reported that the French intended the day following to form a junction of all the corps in the different vallies, for the purpose of advancing into the plain with the greater security, in order to pillage and plunder the country. To prevent this movement, the main army marched from Bra in two columns on the 17th; one under the command of General Kray attacked Fossano. The enemy, who were in force there, defended themselves with great bravery for near two hours; but the superior courage of the Austrian troops obliged them to abandon the post with the loss of about two hundred and fifty prisoners. The Austrian General Sechendorf, an officer of great reputation, was very severely wounded. The column of General Melas took possession of Savigliano without great resistance. Two pieces of cannon and two hundred prisoners were taken. The whole army will encamp near this town to-day.

I am, &c. BENTINCK.

At the Court at St James's, the 16th of October,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

His Majesty having been pleased to appoint Richard Master, Esquire, to be Captain-General and Governor in Chief of the island of Tobago and its dependencies in America, he this day took the oaths appointed to be taken by the Governors of his Majesty's plantations.

[The London Gazette contains his Majesty's Order in Council, ordering all ships coming from Philadelphia and New York to perform quarantine, on account of the malignant disease existing in those cities.]

[The London Gazette also contains his Majesty's Order in Council, declaring that all the British subjects may lawfully trade to Surinam, subject to the same duties and regulations as to the West India colonies.]

London

OCTOBER 21.

HAMBURGH MAIL.

The Hamburgh mail, due on Wednesday last, arrived on Saturday. It was brought over in the Prince of Wales packet, Captain Hearn. It was reported, when the packet left the Texel, that our troops had got into the Helder, and that the French, on account of the waters, had retreated to Alkmaar; that on Friday last the French in their retreat, burnt a village, and destroyed several magazines; and that our sick and wounded were all on board transports, ready to sail the first opportunity for England.

Private letters from Italy state, that their Sardinian Majesties arrived at Leghorn on the 22d of September, in an English vessel, from whence they proceeded to their capital.

From Naples we learn, that 2000 Neapolitan troops were marching to reinforce the besieging army of Rome.

Some fugitives from the city of Ancona, represent the situation of the inhabitants as inconceivably wretched: Many people have been starved to death; provisions were so scarce that even horse flesh sold at an extravagant price. General Meunier, the Commandant, had been summoned by the blockading Admirals, to surrender; and some private advices mention the actual capitulation of the place, of which the confirmation was most confidently expected at Bologna on the 20th ult.

The Vienna Court Gazette of the 2d ult. contains a supplement extraordinary, dated the 1st, with the news of a fresh victory of Prince Rohan over the French, in the Genoese territory, by which they lost from 3000 to 4000 men.

Prince Conde's army was to effect its junction with that of Switzerland, on the 3d October, as was likewise a considerable corps of Palatines. The French, who had advanced as far as Schaffhausen, have already begun to retreat again, for fear of being surrounded.

The Archdukes Charles and Ferdinand were to pass at Donauschingen on the 3d instant, and the greater part of the troops had already passed Stuttgard on the 2d. Hence the offensive operations in Switzerland must have begun again from all sides.

The Vienna official news from the army of Italy come down to the 17th of September. Other advices from thence dated Savigliano the 24th, state that Pignerol (once so strong a fortress as to be deemed one of the keys of Italy) had been stormed by the Imperialists on the 23d. Hence, Turin seems to be relieved from the danger of invasion from that quarter of the French frontiers.

The latest advices from Switzerland are rather favourable. Letters from Feldkirch of the 30th September, as well as from Lindau of the 1st of October, mention General Jellachich's arrival in the former place, and his having given the consolatory assurance that on the same day the combined armies would advance again. They also state, officially, news having been received there of a fresh victory obtained by General Melas, near Aosta in Piedmont, on the frontiers of Savoy; of which we anxiously expect the farther accounts from Vienna.

Generals Suwarrow, Jellachich, and Auffenberg, are confidently mentioned to have formed a junction, in the smaller cantons; and Constance, we know, was retaken by the Imperialists on the evening of the 30th September.

A letter from Hamburgh, dated the 9th instant, says, 'We are happy to find that some respectable English 'house at Hamburgh has just received, by express, letters from London, of the 4th inst. with an assurance of some patriotic London merchants having resolved immediately to send over, for the relief of Hamburgh, one million and a half sterling, in coin and bullion; which sum, amounting to above twenty millions of marcs banco, will certainly prevent further failures, and revive trade and confidence. The magistrates of Bremen have called a meeting of the principal merchants, to establish a fund for the relief of trade, similar to that in Hamburgh, which we hope will prove more effectual than the latter.

Another letter of the 12th, is as follows:

"The agreeable news brought by Captain Searles, from London the 4th October, and who came over in a fishing-smack, purporting that a large quantity of specie and bullion was to be brought over by Messrs Goldsmiths and others, to relieve the Hamburgh merchants, occasioned, it is true, great joy among the drooping spirits; but the English mail of the 4th, not having arrived, and four capital houses having been since obliged to stop payment, it has caused fresh troubles among our mercantile men, and almost shaken the foundation of the very first houses. Indeed, the consequences of this evil are incalculable, if the promised succour does not arrive from England.—Of the four capital houses stopt payment, one has declared itself bankrupt last night, viz. Berend Rossen Solomon's son, for 1,037,800 marks banco."

To the failures at Hamburgh we have to add the following, announced by this day's mail:

October 9. Pet. Elert von Resewig, for 22,477 marks banco; Pierre Aug. Joseph Hamoir du Croizie, under the firm of Mestivie, and Hamoir du Croizie, for 73,505 marks banco.
October 11. H. A. F. Katter, for 63,000 marks banco; Nicolaus Dominique le Lievre and Sons, for 300,000 marks banco; Hans Hin Springhorn and Herm. Hin. Kolls, under the firm of Springhorn and Kolls, for 67,300 marks banco.

We are sorry to state, that an express sent by a bye boat, which arrived before the mail, brings an account of the failure of the house of Wolf, Leven, and Popert, one of the greatest banking-houses in Europe. The general calamity is not confined to Hamburgh only. It is rapidly extending to the other trading towns of the continent. Seven houses have stopt at Bremen, eleven at Frankfort, and fourteen at Amsterdam.

—HAMBURGH MAIL.—

RECEIVED THIS MORNING.

SWITZERLAND.

Head-Quarters, Donauschingen, Oct. 7.

The unfortunate occurrences in Switzerland being already sufficiently known, I shall confine myself at present merely to giving the outlines of them, and state the events which have taken place since.

On the 25th ult. the Russian corps under the command of Lieut. Gen. Korsakow, on the Limmat, and the column of Field-Marshal Lieut. Hotze on the Linth, near Uznach, were defeated by the enemy. The former corps retreated by way of Eglisau, to the right bank of the Rhine, and the column of Field-Marshal Lieut. Hotze, on the 26th by St Gall into the district of Vorarlsberg.

Field-Marshal Prince Suwarrow was at Urseren, and General Auffenberg at Steig, on the 25th.

On the 26th, Field-Marshal Lieut. Lincken defeated the enemy, and took prisoners two battalions of 1300 men, with the whole of the staff and other officers, and two stand of colours. On the 28th he advanced to Glaris; but not being able to open a communication, either to the right or to the left, he saw himself under the necessity of withdrawing to the Grison country on the 29th.

Field-Marshal Suwarrow, and the brigade of General Auffenberg, having advanced as far as Swyz on the 28th, arrived at Glarus on the 1st of October; but not being able to effect a junction with any other corps, Field-Marshal Suwarrow was obliged to march to the Grison country.

Field-Marshal Suwarrow has, however, according to a circular letter which has been received this morning, defeated the enemy near Glarus, and took 1000 prisoners. At the same time, the column of the Imperial Russian General Rosenberg made 1000 of the enemy prisoners near Matten, and took several pieces of cannon: The enemy's loss in killed and wounded, on this occasion, was likewise very considerable.

CHARLES, Archduke, F. M.

BERN—OCTOBER 1.

A battle between Field-Marshal Suwarrow and General Massena is daily expected to take place; the result of which will be of the utmost importance, and decisive. Suwarrow, as has already been stated, has entered the south of Switzerland with the Russians from Italy, from 15 to 20,000 in number. General Massena, being informed of this, left Zurich on the 28th ult. with 12,000 men, to join Lecourbe and attack Suwarrow Six thousand men were at the same time detached to the Canton of Glarus. Generals Klein, Lorge, Soult, Mortier, Hendelet, and others, are opposed to the Austrians and Russians, who have retreated across the Rhine facing Zurich. Among the Russian Generals made prisoners on the 25th, was a French emigrant.

VERONA—SEPT. 26.

This day, about half past six in the morning, an ordonance arrived as a courier, carrying a Ligurian stand of colours to his Excellency Baron de Riese, Governor of this city, with the long wished for intelligence that the city of Genoa had capitulated on the 23d, and that, after his, the courier's departure, Prince Rohan was to enter the city with his troops.

FRANCE.

PARIS—OCTOBER 9.

A telegraphic dispatch from Massena says, "Suwarrow fights like a devil, but I will have him." This dispatch is anterior to that which announces the defeat of the Russian General.

OCT. 10.

The telegraphic dispatches published respecting the success of Massena have been officially contradicted.—The fogs and mists have not allowed the telegraphs on the line of Strasburgh to work.

OCT. 13.

Massena has demanded a contribution of 800,000 livres from the town of Zurich, one half payable in 24 hours, and the other in four days. A contribution of 400,000 livres has been imposed upon St Gall. The inhabitants of the Canton of Zurich, are required to declare all the money, merchandize, and effects which they may have, belonging to the Austrians and Russians.

Among the number of prisoners taken in Holland by the Franco Batavians, is the whole regiment of guards of the King of England. The regiment is composed of the richest nobility in the three kingdoms!

OCT. 14.

Buonaparte and Berthier are in France; at the very moment when the fame of their triumphs resounded at Paris, they were disembarking at Frejus.

The Municipality of Frejus went to receive the true Italicus on board the frigate in which he arrived. It appears that he was afraid of being taken by the English had he attempted to land at Toulon, and in consequence preferred landing at Frejus. The Frigate in which he came was escorted by two other vessels. He was several times chaced by the English. His quarantine will give him some days of repose, during which he will use the baths and aromatics. His health, they say, is altered. It is believed he will not be long in seeing Paris.

On reaching the shore, Buonaparte and all those who accompanied him, fell down, and kissed the Land of Liberty.

The French and Batavians have re-entered Alkmaar, after a decisive victory obtained over the Anglo-Russians. The day of the 7th was passed in skirmishes; on the 8th some of the patroles of the two armies met and engaged; at noon both armies were in motion. The English at first made a very strong resistance, but their being divided from the Russians rendered the latter inactive. The route then began. Never was one more complete. They even left their women behind them. We have taken 200 prisoners. The number of killed is incalculable. The English have retired to their first entrenchments, deprived of all assistance, of their artillery, and of their ammunition. They have demanded permission to retire with the honours of war, but their request has been refused.

We are assured that the English have re-embarked in haste, leaving behind them their baggage, and a great number of their soldiers.

A letter from Helvetia states, that among the 6000 prisoners taken from Suwarrow's army was almost the whole of his Staff.

OCTOBER 15.

The return of Buonaparte has caused the most lively joy in every circle. Victory, which accompanies him wherever he goes, had this time preceded him. He comes to strike the last blow against the coalition.

Tallien is appointed Administrator of our national domains in Egypt.

The proposed journey of the Emperor Paul to Vienna has been postponed, on account of the jealousy between the two Courts in what regards the affairs of Italy.

The Brest fleet is ordered to be kept in constant readiness.

The army of the Grand Vizier will probably not go to Egypt. It is said that the Porte, discontented with his conduct, means to supersede him; but that he meditates declaring his independence, rendering himself master of Syria, and securing the possession of that rich province by a treaty which he is to conclude with the French Republic, through the medium of the Commander in Chief of the army of the East.

Another story is in circulation.—It is said that Buonaparte brings with him a treaty concluded with the Grand Signior, and that the army of the Grand Vizier will turn its army against Crimea and the southern provinces of Russia.—These reports appear extraordinary; but the name of Buonaparte has hitherto been connected with such unexpected events, that no scale of probability can be adopted with respect to circumstances directed by his genius.

Buonaparte and Berthier have not arrived alone from the banks of the Nile. They were accompanied by Generals Lasnes, Marmont, Murat, Andreossi, and Citizens Mons and Bertholet, names dear to glory and to science. They have left the army of Egypt in the most satisfactory state.

Moreau is at Paris.

STRASBURGH 16 VENDEMAIRE,—OCT. 8.

Official Bulletin from the Staff of the Army.

The Army of the Rhine has retaken Manheim and Franckfort. The enemy has lost 3000 men; 10,000 peasants of the levy *en masse* have thrown down their arms. Among the prisoners is an entire company of Cossacks. We occupy anew the whole line of Mentz, Manheim, and Franckfort.—The passage of the Rhine near Seltz has been equally successful. After having dissolved the levies of the peasants, our troops took hostages, who are already arrived in our strong places.—Suwarrow is already completely routed. He is pursued in the country of the Grisons.

20 VENDEMAIRE—OCT. 12.

Telegraphic Dispatch of General Massena to the Executive Directory.

I have completely beat the enemy, and have driven them beyond the Rhine. Two thousand men have been killed or wounded, 1000 have been made prisoners. We have also taken six standards, and a number of cannon. Among the killed is one of the generals of the corps of Conde. As a copy (Signed) CHARPE.

A telegraphic dispatch from Basle this night states, "Massena has beaten Prince Charles.—Details to-morrow."

ARMY OF EGYPT.

Buonaparte, Member of the National Institute, Commander in Chief, to the Executive Directory.

Head-quarters at Alexandria, 17 Thermidor, Aug. 4.

Citizen Directors.—On the 8th Thermidor I summoned the Castle of Aboukir to surrender. The son of the Pacha, his Kiaja, and all the officers wished to capitulate: but the soldiers would not listen to them. On the 9th the bombardment was continued, and on the 10th several batteries were established on the right and left of the Isthmus. Several sloops of war were sunk, a frigate was dismasted and obliged to stretch out to sea. On the 10th, the enemy beginning to want provisions, repaired to some houses in the village that is close to the fort. General Lasne immediately attacked them there, but was wounded in the thigh. General Menou replaced him in the command of the siege. On the 12th General Davoost forced their trenches, and made himself master of all the houses where the enemy lodged, and drove them back into the fort, after having killed a number of them. The 22d regiment of light infantry, and the Chief of Brigade Magni, who was slightly wounded, conducted themselves in the most perfect manner.—On the 15th General Robin also forced their trenches. Our batteries were established on the counterscarp; our mortars maed a tremendous fire; the castle was now no more than a heap of stones. The enemy had no longer any communication with the fleet, and were dying with hunger and thirst. The enemy then took the part not to capitulate, for these sort of people do not understand that, but to throw down their arms, and to come in a croud to embrace the knees of the conqueror. The son of the Pacha his Kiaja, and 2000 men were made prisoners. We found in the fort 300 wounded, and 1800 dead bodies; several of our balls had killed six men. In the first 24 hours after the Turkish garrison had left the place, above 400 prisoners died from eating and drinking with too much avidity. Thus this affair of Aboukir cost the Port 18,000 men, and a great number of cannons. During the 15 days that this expedition lasted, I have been perfectly satisfied with the conduct of the inhabitants of Egypt, not a person removed, and every one continued to live in their usual manner.

The engineer officers Bertrand and Liedes, and the commander of the artillery Faultrier, have conducted themselves with the greatest distinction.

Health and Fraternity, BUONAPARTE.

HELVETIC REPUBLIC.

Massena, Commander in Chief, to the Executive Directory.

Head-quarters at Zurich, Oct. 9.

Citizens Directors,

Obliged to march in succession to the different points in the line where the urgency and the importance of the military operations which were taking place without interruption called for, I have hitherto only been able to inform you by the channel of telegraphic dispatches, of the movemenss of the army from the 25th ultimo to the 8th instant. I now, however, proceed to supply that deficiency by a sketch of those movements, until I shall be able to give you a detailed account of them, which I will send you, together with the standards taken from the enemy.

I had in front of me the Russian army, commanded by Korsakoff; this occupied the line of Zurich, where the Aar met the Rhine; the Austrian army, commanded by Hotze, which occupied the right bank of the Linth; and, lastly, the corps occupied the right bank of the Linth; and, lastly, the corps of the Austrian General Jellachich, which occupied the defiles of the Grisons country.

Under favour of a false attack directed against Bruck by General Menard, in order to draw to that point a part of the enemy's forces, I passed on the 25th ultimo the Limath by main force at Dietikon, and the Linth between the Lakes of Zurich and of Wallaustadt.

In passing the Dietikon the boats were launched under the fire of the enemy, and under the protection of our artillery; and, in less than two hours, thanks to the skill of the pontooneers under the direction of Dedon, the Chief of Brigade of artillery, we had a bridge over the Limath and 800 men on the other side. General Gazan commanded the advanced guard under the command of General Lorge, who commanded the division.

In passing the Linth, two hundred swimmers, with their sabres between their teeth, and their pikes in their hands, crossed the Linth, formed the advanced guard, cut the enemy's posts to pieces, and thus secured the success of the day.—General Soult commanded this operation.

The result of the battle fought after having passed these rivers, was the taking possession of the western part of Zurichberg, and establishing ourselves on the right bank of the Limath.

Zurich having been summoned to surrender, offered to do so upon conditions which were partly accepted, but the Russian advanced posts having with unheard of ferocity fired on our flag of truce, and having wounded two trumpets, I gave battle to the enemy on the 26th, in consequence of which Zurich was taken by main force.

Generals Mortier and Klein commanded the attack of Zurich on the left, and Lorge on the right bank.

At the same time Suwarrow, whose march was combined with the approaching attack which the armies of Hotze and Korsakoff were making against us, forced the passage of St Gothard, and marched in a mass towards the lesser Cantons, to go from thence to join these two armies, to take the command of them, and to invade the French territory at their head. Korsakoff defeated, and Hotze killed, Suwarrow could no more hope to be victorious.

I directed the division of Mortier to Schweitz, the division of Klein to Wesen, and marched myself against Altorf; but Suwarrow had passed from Schachenthal in the Multenthal; he was with the mass of his army in the neighbourhood of Metten, and had carried a corps by Clouthal to the valley of Glarus. It being impossible to spread the troops in such narrow vallies, I determined to leave Suwarrow at liberty to enter Switzerland by Ensilden. I had hopes that, pressed by the bloody battles which I had fought in the valley of Mutten, and wearied with the resistance which I opposed to him in the defile of Glarus, he would come out of his trap by the point of Ensilden, where I had but one battalion of observation, and that then I should be able to fight him at my ease in the open plain. Suwarrow, however, being willing to avoid a general and decisive affair, threw himself into the Grisons by the valley of Fleurs. Being continually harrassed on his flanks and his rear by the corps destined to attack him if he had remained, he retreated by dreadful ways, with despair in his heart, leaving 2000 wounded, part of his artillery, and almost all his baggage in our power.

Korsakoff informed of the danger of Suwarrow, had collected together in haste a corps composed of the wreck of his army, of that of Hotze, of the Bavarian Contingent, of the Corps of Conde, and of all the Austrian Corps which defended the Valley of the Grisons, and attempted to bend back towards the Thur, and from thence towards Zurich; but I marched again after him with the divisions of Menard, Lorge, and Gagan, in the time when General Soult marched to Reineck. I found him between the Thur and the Rhine; I defeated him, and drove him beyond that river, forcing him to cut down the bridges of Constance and of Diessenfen, of which places I took possession.

[Here the General expresses his approbation of different corps, and then adds—]

The result of these different battles or engagements is about 18,000 prisoners, of whom 8000 were wounded, even which the enemy could not carry off, more than 100 pieces of cannon, 13 standards, four Generals taken prisoners, five Generals killed, among whom is the Commander in Chief Hotze; the recapture of the St Gothard, of Glarus, and of all the vallies which lead to it. In short, the total loss of the enemy in these different affairs amounts to more than 30,000 men.

Health and respect. Signed, MASSENA.

LOSS OF LA LUTINE FRIGATE.

We are extremely concerned to announce the loss of la Lutine frigate, Captain Skynner, of 32 guns. She foundered on Borkum Reefs, to the eastward of the Texel, and excepting two persons, every soul on board perished. She had on board the mails for the army in Holland, and a large quantity of bullion, upwards of two hundred thousand pounds value, going to Hamburgh for the relief of the merchants there. The loss of the money is the least evil. Besides the crew there were several merchants of London on board—all are perished, with the exception above stated. The bullion was all insured, principally by under-writing companies; but this does not lessen the loss to the community—it only changes the individuals on whom it falls.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

It is with extreme concern we relate, that intelligence was on Saturday received at the Admiralty from Captain Portlock, of his Majesty's ship Arrow, communicated by Admiral Mitchell, giving an account of the total loss of La Lutine, of 32 guns, on the outer bank of the Ely Island passage, on the night of the 9th instant, in a heavy gale at N. N. W La Lutine, on the same morning (the 9th) sailed from Yarmouth Roads with several passengers, and 140,000 guineas, for the Texel; but a strong lee-tide rendered every effort of Captain Skynner to avoid the threatened danger unavailable, and it was alike impossible during the night to receive any assistance either from the Arrow or from the shore, from whence several schoots were in readiness to go to her. When the dawn broke, La Lutine was in vain looked for; she had gone to pieces, and all on board unfortunately perished, except two men, who were picked up, and one of whom has since died from the fatigue he had encountered.

To this account, so full of callamity, it is added, that La Lutine was to have proceeded to Hamburgh with money to check the commercial failures in that place. It is even said, that one house in the city, whose active and general benevolence has created more than common interest with the public, had sent 150,000l, and that the whole sum, which thus went to the bottom, amounted to half a million, of which 200,000l. had been insured.

A nephew of Messrs Goldsmitd, who was going over with the specie for the relief of the Hamburgh merchants, in consequence of the late failures, and to lend them that assistance which the respectable House of his uncles is on every occasion ready to give to the commercial world, is, we are sorry to find, among the number of those who are lost. The only survivor is a Mr Schlbrack, a Notary Public.

One account says 600,000l. in specie were on board.

Early on Saturday morning his Majesty's ship Impregnable, in coming up to Spithead in thick blowing weather, got on shore on the Poles, near Chichester harbour, where she soon got seven feet water in her hold. All her masts were cut away at the deck, to lighten her, but she is not yet moved, and apprehensions are entertained that she will not. Much depends upon the weather continuing fine.

The Coburg cutter, Lieut. O'Neil, arrived in the Humber, while she brings the latest accounts that have hitherto been received from Holland, affords a remarkable instance of dispatch. The Coburg left Yarmouth with dispatches on Friday last, arrived in the Texel on Saturday, and on Sunday evening anchored in Hull roads!—When she left the Helder it was reported that a cessation of hostilities had taken place in Holland, and great hopes were entertained that the evacuation would be effected without loss.

Admiral Mitchell had placed the fire ships in the most advantageous situation for destroying what cannot or is not worth bringing away. The guns of the Helder battery are taken off; the soldiers are taking up the platforms, levelling the fortifications, &c. Our soldiers have every where behaved most bravely; but the season of the year, the difficulties of the country, and the superiority of numbers, are obstacles which cannot be overcome.

A letter from on board the Monarch, of 74 guns, dated at Yarmouth, October 18, contains some particulars of extreme interest respecting the naval force of the Dutch. Admiral Dickson, on the 7th of this month, sent Lieutenant Yellard with a flag of truce to Helvoet, for the purpose of ascertaining the force at that place, and the possibility of obtaining it by negociation or attack. Our correspondent had not learnt the particulars of the negociation; but it was, we regret to state, unsuccessful. The Concord, of 44 guns, Juno, of 32, and Scipio, of 24, were in Helvoet Roads, in all respects ready for sea. The Brutus, of 70 guns, and Burnkvelt, and Courtrand, of 68, in a similar state of preparation, had sailed up to Dort; whether the Dogger Bank, Jean de Witt, and Neptune, of 68 guns, then in the bason, were to follow as soon as they had embarked the whole of their ammunition.

The Dubuc sailed from the Thames on the 19th instant, for the Cape of Good Hope, which is a fortunate circumstance for those persons who lately wrote by the Flora brig, which was captured off Folkstone on the very first day of her sailing as they have now had an opportunity of sending duplicates by the Dubuc.

The Princess Mary and Mornington East India packets are gone round from the river Thames to Portsmouth, from whence they will sail in the course of the ensuing week—the former for St Helena and Bengal, and the latter for Mádras and Bombay.

The Ajax merchantman will sail from the Thames for Gibraltar, Minorca, and Leghorn, on the 28th inst. as will also the Recovery, for Charlestown, on the 26th; the Lydra, for Madeira, on the 25th; Adriana, for Philadelphia, on 26th; the Kitty, Farmer, from Liverpool for Barbadoes, on 24th; Freedom, Taylor, from do. for Charlestown, on 24th.

The Mary, Captain Thomson, sailed from Falmouth for Jamaica and the Leeward Islands on the 16th inst with the mails that were made up to the 2d—as did also the Prince Adolphus, Captain Boulderson, for Lisbon, with the mails of the 8th instant.

The Prince of Wales, Captain Sutton, sailed on the 18th from Yarmouth for the Helder, with letters and dispatches for the army there.

The Lisbon fleet is safe arrived.

An augmentation is about to take place in the Royal regiment of artillery. A Colonel-Commandant, a Major, and a few companies are immediately to be added.

CORN EXCHANGE, LONDON, Oct. 21.

As the supply of New English Wheat at market this day was pretty large, the sales were rather heavy at last week's prices; but Fine Old was a brisk sale, and some samples of stale Foreign were taken off at from 1s. to 2s. per quarter advance.

Old Barley and fine Malt were in demand, at full 1s. per quarter advance, as were fine Old Oats. New are dull.

English Wheat,	66	90	0	Malt,	48	53	0
Essex,	90	93	0	Fine,	—	54	0
Barley,	40	43	0	Oats,	38	40	0
Suffolk,	—	46	6	Meal,	—	—	—
Fine Flour	—	75	0				

—STOCKS—

This day, (Oct. 21.) at twelve o'clock.

3 *per cent. con.* 58⅞ ⅝ ¾—*Omnium*, 3¼

Exchanges on Dublin 12¼

Caledonian Mercury.

EDINBURGH—OCTOBER 24.

The Hamburgh mail due on Sunday arrived on Monday.

By the Vienna Court Gazette of the 5th inst. we have a confirmation of the storming of Pignerol by the Imperialists, under Prince Lichtenstein, who commanded in the room of General Ott, who was ill. Major-General Bellegarde having been detached in support of General Kaim in his expedition against Suza, it completely succeeded.

Rivoli has likewise been re-taken from the enemy by an inferior force. They were attacked in both flank and rear. Night alone put an end to the contest. The enemy lost near 1000 men, 400 of whom were made prisoners.

The Court Gazette of the same date contains the Archduke's report of the affairs in Switzerland on the 25th and 26th. He states that he had hastened with the greatest part of his army towards Switzerland, having left a sufficient corps under Prince Schwarzenberg to cover Manheim.

An express from the Archduke states the account of a fresh victory obtained in Switzerland by Suwarrow, near Glarus, in which about 1000 prisoners were taken. An equal number, with several pieces of cannon, were taken by General Rosenberg, near Matten, besides a number killed and wounded.

Immediately after the disasters of the allied troops, on the 25th, Field-Marshall Lincken defeated the French corps opposed to him in a most complete manner, took two whole Battalions, amounting to 1300 men, prisoners with their colours, &c. This happened as early as the 26th; and on the 28th, the same General advanced towards Glarus; yet, not being able to effect a communication either to his right or left, he withdrew on the 29th to the Grison country. The victories of both Suwarrow and Rosenberg must have happened early in October.

French papers to the 16th instant have been received. They contain various statements respecting the actions between MASSENA's army and the allies, in all of which they claim the victory.

An event, which will be thought by many not the least singular one announced in these journals, is the return of Buonaparte, with Berthier, and his other principal officers, to France, after taking Aboukir, and having, as they assert, left the army in the most favourable position. If every thing was so promising in Egypt, why did they leave it?

The French papers say, BUONAPARTE has left Egypt well organized, and under the command of General KLEBER.

It is plain from even the Directorial accounts, that the successes which they boast in Switzerland, were not cheaply obtained;—they acknowledge a victory of Suwarrow upon the 1st inst. over Thureau, who was repulsed into the Valais. They acknowledge the arrival of the army of Conde at Schaff hausen on the 6th, and even speak of a part of it being engaged at Constance. They also acknowledge that Suwarrow marched from Altorf into the Canton of Glaris with 30,000 men. Lecourbe therefore had been beaten a second time at that place, to which the last French confessions admitted him to have retreated.

As the French themselves contradict the telegraphic account of the defeat of Suwarrow on the 5th and 6th of October, we have no doubt of hearing very different accounts from that General.

The Directory has sent a message to the Councils, stating the finances to be in the most wretched state, and calling for supplies.

A letter from Oude Sluys, dated Oct. 13, says—— We continue busily employed in fortifying our advanced post of Schagen, the station of General Coote's brigade. The main body has retired within the Zype; and our positions are such that we may defy any attempt the enemy may have the presumption to make on us, until we receive our final orders to re-embark, a measure which I think is rendered inevitable, from the most painful experience of the extreme inutility, not to say immense danger, of remaining much longer in this shocking country. We are also fortifying the Point of Helder and the Texel Island, where, I understand, a part of our army is to pass the winter; a circumstance which has given rise to a supposition that we are to renew our offensive operations early in the spring. All our heavy baggage has moved towards our shipping, and there is every appearance of the immediate termination of this expedition. General Don is now at Amsterdam, with a flag of truce, where there are, it is said, at this time some Prussian officers. The object of his mission is reported to be, to treat for the peaceable evacuation of this country by our army. It is also remarked, that the King of Prussia has taken a particular interest in this business.

The Hamburgh mail received this morning announces five other failures in that city to a large amount.

The failures in Hamburgh have an air of magnitude from the great number of marks banco to which they amount. In fact, however, they are failures which in this country would not be considered as very important, the mark banco being less than one shilling and sixpence Sterling.

The London mail did not arrive here till 9 o'clock this morning.

We understand from authority, that the Duke of YORK had, with much humanity, wrote to the Duchess of GORDON, after the late engagement in Holland, and mentioned that Lord HUNTLY, and the 92d regiment, distinguished themselves very much.

We lament to observe in the list of British officers killed in the action of the 2d inst. Captain WILLIAM MACKINTOSH of Aberarder, a gentleman highly esteemed by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance.

The Duke of HAMILTON is to be appointed Lord Lieutenant of Lanarkshire.

On Saturday arrived at Leith, the George and Mary, MACK, and the Margaret, GUTHRIE, from Hamburgh. These ships, with a fleet of about thirty sail, came under convoy of the Boxer, an English gun boat. The London, another of the convoy, bound to Leith, is safe arrived in the roads.

On Saturday last the Driver sloop of war, with the trade for the Elbe, were forced to put back with contrary winds, and arrived safe in Leith Roads.

The Isabella, Smith, from Newhaven to Whitby, taken of Beachyhead, was afterwards re-taken, and carried into Ramsgate. After the Isabella had struck, and been boarded by the privateer's boat, one of the crew wantonly fired at Captain Smith (his wife being by his side,) and he died of his wounds within 24 hours.

Monday, the following vessels arrived in the Clyde from Lisbon—Mary Ann, Bulley; Friends, Ferguson; Apollo, Codner.

By a letter from an officer on board the Penelope frigate to his friend in Edinburgh, dated Lisbon Sept. 25, we are happy to learn, that all the crews of the three ships (belonging to the convoy bound for Lisbon) which foundered at sea, were fortunately saved, except three men.

The Oxford fencible cavalry, M'Leod fencibles, and the Ross and Cromarty Rangers are under orders for Ireland.

A Irish newspaper, dated the 9th, says, We have good authority for stating, that the following regiments of the line are under orders to serve in Ireland, and their arrival is daily expected, viz. the 15th, 16th, 46th, 52d, 62d, and 82d.

A person of the name of M'GOWAN, who formerly kept a shop in Newton Douglas, was apprehended at Dumfries on Thursday, for issuing forged notes of the Bank of England. Two of his accomplices, CONNING and M'KEAND, are also in custody. The latter, it is said, has made a full confession, and made some important discoveries.

Saturday last, the body of a man of the name of M'CAIG, who had been missing since the 25th of last month, was found at Kelton, about three miles below Dumfries.

We hear from Kirrymuir, that PETER CANDIE, tenant in Lochside, the property of Mr LYELL of Kinnordy, in returning from Dundee on Friday night, unfortunately lost his way, and has been found drowned in a quarry at Herdhill. His body was discovered by his hat and a bundle swimming on the top of the water.

The weather in Germany has of late been very fine, and the wheat is housed perfectly dry, particularly in the upper country. The new oats are pretty fair in quality, and some even very excellent.

The following is a statement of the exportation from Surinam in the year 1794:—24,285 hogsheads of sugar, 11 to 12 cwt. each—11,123,690 lb. coffee—350,444 lb. cocoa—1,222,178 lb. cotton.—The cotton of this country is deemed superior to any other.

—MARRIED—

At Port-Glasgow, on the 14th inst. WILLIAM PATON, Esq. younger of Muirhead, near Largs, to Miss JEAN EDMONSTONE, only daughter of Mr George Edmonstone, Horse Craigs, Kilmacom.

At Edinburgh, on the 22d inst. Major JOHN BERTRAM, of the 91st regiment of foot, to Miss MARGARET SINCLAIR, daughter of the late Alexander Sinclair, Esq. of Barrock.

—DIED—

At London, on Sunday the 13th curt. Dr GEORGE WILSON, of Stottencleugh, late physician in Petersburgh, Virginia.

At Glasgow, on Thursday last, Mr WILLIAM KINGAN, merchant.

On the 15th instant, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir GEORGE DUNBAR of Mochrum, Bart.

On the 8th current, at his house in the Crescent, Bath, JOHN RIDDELL, Esq.

At the Manse of Lyne, upon the 15th curt. Mr ALEXANDER M'GREGOR.

On the 21st curt. Mess. RICHARD and ANDREW RICHARDSON, Treasurers to the Charity Workhouse of this City, received, in a letter from a Gentleman, the sum of Two Hundred Pounds Sterling for behoof of that Charity.—Such a sum, and at such a season, must prove of the most essential service to that truly-useful institution. Not many months ago, the same Gentleman, when visiting the House, gave a donation of Twenty Pounds for the like purpose. His benevolence towards the Poor of this City cannot fail to merit the gratitude of its inhabitants. It is very flattering to the managers of this Charity, that their attention to the Poor under their care should merit such evident marks of approbation.

TO FARMERS.

EXCERPTS from the Transactions of the Royal Society of Edinburgh, vol. I. page 17.

January 5. 1784.

"Dr ROEBUCK read some observations on the ripening and filling of corns."

"Summer 1782 having been remarkably cold and unfavourable, the harvest was very late, and much of the grain, especially oats, was green in October. In the beginning of October, the cold was so great, that in one night there was produced on ponds near Kinneil, in the neighbourhood of Borrowstounness, ice three quarters of an inch thick. It was apprehended by many farmers, that such a degree of cold would effectually prevent the further filling and ripening of their corn.—In order to ascertain this point, Dr ROEBUCK selected several stalks of oats of nearly equal fulness, and immediately cut those, which on the most attentive comparison, appeared the best, and marked the others, but allowed them to remain in the field fourteen days longer; at the end of which time they too were cut, and kept in a dry room for ten days. The grains of each parcel were then weighed, when eleven of the grains which had been left standing in the field, were found to be equal in weight to thirty of the grains which had been cut a fortnight sooner, though even the best of the grains were far from being ripe. During that fortnight (viz. from October 7. to October 21,) the average heat, according to FAHRENHEIT's Thermometer, which was observed every day at eight o'clock in the morning, and six in the evening, was a little above 43. Dr ROEBUCK observes, that this ripening and filling of corn in so low a temperature, should be the less surprising to us, when we reflect that seed-corn will vegetate in the same degree of heat; and he draws an important inference from his observation, viz. "That farmers should be cautious of cutting down their unripe corn, on the supposition, that in a cold autumn it could fill no more."

Extract of a letter from Lynn Regis, (Norfolk) to a Gentleman in Edinburgh, dated Oct. 16. 1799.

Our harvest is about finishing. The wheat is of various, and altogether of indifferent quality, and unproductive in quantity.—Barley is rather a large crop, but the quality will be stained and damp with grown corns, and much of it is very black.—Oats, in general, will be ordinary.—Pease are a moderate crop.—Beans are yet in the field, and will probably come to hand exceedingly soft.—The prices of new wheat are 70s. a 80s.; but these high prices cannot be expected to last.

Barley 26s. a 34s. The general run, leaving out the worst sorts, I think I could ship at 32s. per quarter, free on board, having your orders in course, or if you will send me discretional orders to ship you a few hundred quarters, I will put you upon the best footing of the market.

In wheat, or other grain, it is yet too early to make any proposals.

—ARRIVED AT LEITH.—

Oct. 21. Trader, Arthur, from Blackney, bark—Berwickshire Packet, Cummings, from London, goods—Elizabeth, Hunter, from Greenock, ditto—Rose, Johnston, from Riga.

—— 22. Isabella, Strachan, from Stirling, malt—Dispatch, Blair, from Bo-ness, herrings—Two sloops with coals—Leith Packet, Campbell, from Hull—Mary, Taylor, from Petersburg—both in the Roads.

The Carl Walther, Capt. Schmidt, from the Mediterranean with 900 quintals Alicant cork, to Walker Thomson, & Co.

—— 23. Renown, Deas, from St Petersburg, with 240 casks of tallow, 63 bundles of hemp, 1323 bars of iron, for Ramsay, Williamson, & Co.

—CLEARED OUT.—

—— 22. Ceres, Nuttje, for Greenock, goods—Union, Simpson, for ditto—Helen, Burton, for Alloa—Elizabeth, Watson, for Dundee—Speedwell, Crighton, for Aberdeen—Catharine and Isobel, Nairn, for Perth—Margaret, Davidson, for Glasgow—Robert, Robertson, for ditto—Hawk, Tod, for Anstruther—Edinburgh Packet, Wilson, for Hull, all goods.

SOUND INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVED UPWARDS.

Oct. 6. Ceres, Mackie, from Kirkaldy, for Copenhagen, coals
Minerva, Murray, from London, for Riga, ballast.
Experiment, Bruce, from Peterhead, for Dantzig, ditto.
7. Charlton, Cummin, from London, for ditto, ditto.
Betsey & Susan, Patterson, from Arbroath, for Riga, do.
Centurion, Brown, from Montrose, for Lebau, ditto.
Clonde Scot, Finlay, from Liverpool, for Peterburgh.
Britannia, Bell, from Montrose, for Dantzig, ballast.
8. Peggy & Elizabeth, Gore, from Johnshaven for do. do.
Pomona, Davidson, from London, for do.
Wind S. W. moderate weather, with rain.

ELSINEUR, 8th Oct. 1799. HOWDEN & CO.

PASSED UPWARDS.

Oct. 9. Lady Augusta, Barcley, from Montrose to Copenhagen.
Hope, Rait, from ditto to Riga, ballast.
Generous Friends, Lyon, from Leith to Petersburg, goods.
11. Juno, Goudie, from Christiana to the Baltic, ballast.
Minerva, Anderson, from ditto to Riga, ditto.

PASSED DOWNWARDS.

9. Rose, Johnston, from Riga to Leith, flax.
10. Nancy, Stewart, from Petersburg to Dundee, sundries.

On Wednesday last the Good Design armed ship arrived with the remainder of the fleet, and this forenoon the Vestal and Ariadne frigate, sailed with the homeward bound trade, consisting of 10 or 12 sail. Wind S. S. E. moderate weather.

ELSINEUR—Oct. 12, 1799. HOWDEN & CO.

EDINBURGH PRICES OF MEAL, Oct. 22.

Lothian Oatmeal, 174 bolls. South Country, —

Mid Lothian per Boll.				*South Country per Boll.*				*Prices per Peck.*		
First,	L. 1	12	6	First,	L. 0	0	0	First,	2s	0½d
Second,	1	12	3	Second,	0	0	0	Second,	0	0
Third,	1	12	0	Third,	0	0	0	Third,	0	0

WANTS A PLACE,

AS LAND STEWARD OR FACTOR ON AN ESTATE,

A MAN about thirty years of age, regularly bred to the Corn Farming Line in the county of Roxburgh; also, the Breeding and Rearing of Sheep, particularly the Cheviot kind; writes a fair hand, understands arithmetic, book-keeping, surveying, &c.; will be well recommended, and, if required, security will be found according to the nature of the trust reposed in him.—Any further information will be given by James Hay, W. S.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

The following address having been transmitted to the Right Honourable HENRY DUNDAS, one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, has been by him presented to the King; which address his Majesty has been pleased to receive very graciously.

We, your Majesty's most loyal and dutiful subjects, the Noblemen and Gentlemen, Freeholders, Justices of Peace, and Commissioners of Supply, of the county of Perth, strongly impressed with a sense of gratitude to the Great Ruler of the universe, for the signal, glorious, and repeated successes which have attended your Majesty's arms, and those of your allies, by sea and land, in various parts of the world, beg leave most humbly and respectfully to approach the throne, and to offer to your Majesty our most sincere and warm congratulations on such important events.

By the judicious and energetic employment of the national force, guided by the wisdom of your Majesty's counsels, and auspicious government, by the liberal aid of Parliament, by the patriotic zeal, spirit, and loyalty, of your people, by the distinguished skill and bravery of your fleets and armies, and with the great and powerful co-operation of your Majesty's allies, victories the most splendid and momentous, have been obtained.

From these great atchievements it has resulted, that some nations, after having been rescued from the oppressive dominion and treachery of France, and from the galling necessity of yielding a reluctant and forced compliance with her wildly-ambitious destructive schemes, have been restored to their rightful sovereigns, and legitimate governments; other nations, not only of Europe, but of distant quarters of the globe, have been awakened to a sense, and have been preserved from the influence of the delusive and baneful principles of France, and have been protected and secured against the calamities of French invasion and conquest; and a confident and well-founded hope and expectation have arisen over Europe, and throughout the world, that, by a steady perseverance in the prosecution of these mighty objects, your Majesty and your allies will at last prevail over that revolutionary power and spirit in France, which threatens with ruin and subversion all nations, alike by the force of arms, and by the dissemination of principles incompatible with peace, happiness, and security, and destructive of civil and religious duty.

To the final accomplishment of these objects we look forward with anxious expectation, but patient and manly firmness, knowing that by their attainment only a fit termination can be put to the present arduous struggle (though in a just and necessary war), and an honourable, secure, and permanent peace can be obtained.

That your Majesty may long reign over a loyal and grateful people, is our ardent wish.

Signed by our Preses, in our name and by our appointment.

Perth, Oct. 11. DRUMMOND HAY KINNOUL, Preses.

—DUMFRIES RACES.—

Tuesday the 15th current, the Dumfries races began, when his Majesty's purse of 100 guineas, granted to the Caledonian Hunt, was run for over the course at Tinwald-Downs.

Mr M'Adam's chesnut horse Mr Robert, six years old	1	1
Mr Carr's bay gelding Dellemere, six years old	4	3
Lord Darlington's bay horse Plasto, five yrs. old	2	dr.
Col. Villiar's chesnut gelding High Eagle, aged	5	2
Major Pierpont's bay gelding Rutland	3	4

Betts even.

WEDNESDAY.

A purse of 50 guineas, given by the Caledonian Hunt.

Sir Hedworth Williamson's bay horse Honeycomb	4	1	1
Mr Oswald's brown horse Pentigruel	2	2	dr.
Mr Janson's chesnut horse Applegirth	1	3	2
Mr Maxwell's bay colt Cyrus	3	dr.	
Mr Maule's brown filly Sandglass	dr.		
Lord Darlington's bay horse Plasto	dr.		

Half a head between Applegirth and Honeycomb—Betts even.

THURSDAY.

A purse of 50l. given by the Dumfries and Galloway Hunt.

Mr Fletcher's chesnut mare Rosalind, five yrs. old	1	3	1
Mr M'Adam's chesnut horse Mr Robert	2	1	2
Mr Carr's bay gelding Dellemere	3	2	dr.
Mr Janson's chesnut horse Applegirth	dr.		
Mr Maxwell's bay colt Cyrus, four years old	dr.		

Betts five to one, Mr Robert against the field at starting, and ten to one against Rosalind.

FRIDAY.

A subscription purse of 50l.

Sir Hedworth Williamson's bay horse Honeycomb	2	2	1	1
Lord Darlington's bay horse Plasto	1	3	2	dr
Mr Janson's chesnut horse Applegirth	3	1	3	2

Lord Darlington's horse broke down the second heat, and run the third when lame—two to one on Plasto against the field.

SATURDAY.

A match between Mr Fletcher's bay gelding Haggess, and Lord Cassillis's bay horse Carrick, for 50 guineas each, the best of three four-mile heats; to carry the following weights:—

Haggess, 11 st. 8lb.	1	1
Carrick, 11 st.	2	2

This race was won by a few inches—three to one on Haggess.

MONDAY.

A match between Mr Oswald's brown gelding Pentigruel, and Mr Fletcher's chesnut mare Rosalind, for two miles, eight stone each; won by Rosalind.—Even betting.

The annals of the turf can scarcely boast of better races. Every heat was keenly contested, and the sport they afforded was never exceeded on any similar occasion. Much money was lost and won; and the knowing ones were generally taken in.

The Ordinaries and the Assemblies were well attended; and on Friday the Dumfries and Galloway Hunt gave a Ball, at which there was an uncommon display of beauty, elegance, and fashion.

The Stewards for the ensuing year are,
Lords Selkirk and Home, Col. Dirom, and Wm. Newall, Esq.

MAGISTRATES OF IRVINE.

The Right Hon. Lord MONTGOMERY, Provost.
Robert Fullerton, Esq. senior Bailie.
John Baird, Esq. junior Bailie.
John Webb, Esq. Dean of Guild.
Alex. Cunningham, Esq. Treasurer.

MAGISTRATES OF HADDINGTON.

ROBERT ROUGHEAD, Esq. Provost.
Mess. James Cunningham, James Roughead, Thomas Pringle, } Bailies.
David Smith, Dean of Guild.
William Cunningham, Town Treasurer.

SEQUESTRATIONS, &c.

Creditors of the late JAMES PALMER, Merchant and Printer in Kelso, to see a second state of his affairs with James Henderson, writer in Jedburgh, till the 17th November, previous to a division.

—— WILLIAM ARCHIBALD, Slater in Edinburgh, to meet in John's Coffeehouse on the 22d November, at two P. M. to consider on matters of importance, and give directions to the trustee.

—— GEORGE LORIMER, Farmer and Cattle-dealer, Gateside, to meet in Edward Whigham's, vintner, Sanquhar, on the 6th November, at noon, to determine on matters of importance.

SALE ADJOURNED.

THE Sale of the Lands of AUQUHARNEY, in the Parish of Cruden, and County of Aberdeen, as formerly advertised, is *postponed* at the desire of intending purchasers. Notice will be given of the day of sale, when fixed.

TO THE CREDITORS OF Mr JOHN MATHIE, Cabinet-maker and Upholsterer in Edinburgh.

PETER SCOTT, Merchant in Edinburgh, Trustee for the said John Mathie and his Creditors, under a voluntary trust-deed executed by him, hereby gives notice, That on Monday the 4th of November next, he will be ready to make a dividend of 15s. in the pound, at his counting-house, Edinburgh, to such of the Creditors as have lodged claims with him, who are hereby requested to call for the same; and Mr Scott hereby intimates, that as there is every reason to believe he will be enabled, in a few months, to make complete payment of Mr Mathie's debts, and wind up the trust, and denude thereof, any persons who may have neglected to lodge their claims, will do so immediately, that they may receive their payment.

TO THE CREDITORS OF JOHN WATT & CO. late Merchants in Edinburgh, AND SALE OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.

THE Trustees for the creditors of said Company hereby intimate, *That a General Meeting of the Creditors will be held within the King's Arms Tavern, on Wednesday the 13th of November next*, and a final dividend of the sums recovered from the debts and effects will be paid upon the 20th November next, and every lawful day thereafter, at the counting-house of Mess. Menzies & Anderson, South Bridge Street, Edinburgh, betwixt the hours of twelve and three o'clock.

That the sum to be drawn from the sale of the outstanding debts may be included in the said dividend, the WHOLE OUTSTANDING DEBTS due to the Company, amounting to upwards of 1200l. will be sold by public roup, for ready money only, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 30th October current, at one o'clock afternoon.

A list of the debts will be shewn by David Valance, at Mess. Menzies and Anderson's counting-room.

SALE OF LANDS IN ARGYLESHIRE, By Adjournment—Upset price reduced.

By authority of the Court of Session, there will be exposed to Sale by public roup, within the Parliament House of Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 11th day of December, 1799, between the hours of five and six in the afternoon,

THE Remaining Part of the ESTATE which belonged to the deceased Archibald Macdonald of Sanda, Esq. advocate, being the LANDS of DRUMORENABADOCH, lying in the district of Kintyre, and shire of Argyle, the proven gross rent of which is 65l. Sterling, and after deducting 5l. 14s. 3d. 4-12ths Sterling, as a proportion of the public burdens payable out of the whole of Mr Macdonald's estate, there remains 59l. 5s. 8d. 8-12ths Sterling of free rent, which is to be exposed at the reduced upset price of 1660l. 0s. 2d. 8-12ths Sterling, being only 25 years purchase of said free rent.

Intended purchasers are referred to the printed abstract of the proven rental, copies of which are to be had from William Macdonald, writer to the signet, Prince's Street, Edinburgh; to whom, or to Mr Duncan Campbell, sheriff-substitute at Campbelton, or Mr Jeffrey, depute-clerk of Session, application may be made for further particulars.

SALE OF LANDS IN THE COUNTY OF ROXBURGH.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 4th December next, between the hours of two and three A. M.

THE LANDS of WHITERIG, in the parish of Bowden, consisting of about 92 capital arable acres, divided into inclosures by thriving hedges and plantations.—There is a neat Mansion-house, and a convenient set of offices in the centre of the property.—It is remarkably well calculated for a villa, or the residence of a Gentleman who wishes to amuse himself with farming, being situated in a very desireble neighbourhood, only two miles distant from Melrose, ten from Jedburgh and Kelso, all good market towns, and about half a mile from the great road from Edinburgh to Newcastle, by Jedburgh.

The purchaser can have access to the natural possession of the lands at Whitsunday next. The tenant will shew the lands; and persons wishing to purchase, may apply for further particulars to Cornelius and James Elliots, writers to the signet, Edinburgh, in whose hands are the title-deeds and plan of the estate, and who have power to sell by private bargain.

By Adjournment. SALE OF VALUABLE ESTATES IN THE COUNTY OF FORFAR.

To be SOLD on Friday the 8th day of November next, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, between the hours of one and two o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS and ESTATES of BALLINSHOE and CRAIGNATHRO', lying in the Parishes of Kirriemuir and Forfar, together or in lots.

The said lands of Ballinshoe, &c. lie contiguous and within two miles of Forfar and Kirriemuir. They consist of about 1400 acres of rich arable land, (800 of which are substantially inclosed and divided by stone dykes) 200 acres of planting, and about 500 acres of pasture and moss.

The moss affords not only an abundant supply of fuel to the estate but also for sale. There is likewise in these lands a bed of shell marle easily wrought.

The lands of Craignathro' lie in the vicinity of Forfar, and consist of about 300 acres of good arable land, and they are inclosed and subdivided by good stone dykes.

The farm houses of Craignathro' are lately built and slated. On these lands there is an excellent free-stone quarry, and a quarry of most valuable slate.

The lands of Craignathro' will be sold by themselves in one lot; and if the lands of Ballinshoe, &c. are not sold in one lot, they will be exposed in the two following lots, viz.

LOT I. Comprehending those parts of the lands of Ballinshoe, lying to the eastward of the public road leading from Forfar to Kirriemuir.

LOT II. Comprehending the remaining parts of the lands of Ballinshoe, and lying to the westward of said road.

The present rent of Ballinshoe and Craignathro' exclusive of the moss, marle, planting, and quarries, exceeds 1250 Sterling. There are also a considerable number of kaines of different kinds.

The public burdens are very moderate, being only 15 bolls, 9 pecks, 3 lippies meal, 7 bolls of bear, and 14l. 17s. 6d. 10-12ths Sterling.

The whole of these lands are out of lease or nearly so, and very great rises of rent may be depended upon.

The lands of Ballinshoe hold feu of the Earl of Strathmore for payment of 7l. 3s. 9d. 9-12ths Sterling, which is included in the amount of the public burdens above mentioned.

The lands of Craignathro' hold of the Crown, and are valued in the cess books at 233l. 6s. 8d. Scots.

The teinds of the lands of Ballinshoe, &c. in the parish of Kirriemuir were valued in the 1634, and they are nearly exhausted by the late augmentation given to the minister of the parish.

It will be observed that the superiority of the lands of Ballinshoe, Woodhead, and Bariesdalefaulds, retoured to a fifty shilling land of old extent, is presently for sale, which may be an object to persons intending to purchase the lands of Ballinshoe, &c.

Those desirous of further information, or of purchasing the whole of the above lands, or any of the lots, may apply to Charles Greenhill, Esq. of Fearn, Old Montrose, by Montrose, or to Thomas Duncan, writer in Edinburgh, who have powers to conclude a private bargain before the day of sale.

SALE OF LANDS IN BERWICKSHIRE, By Private Bargain.

THOSE PARTS of the LANDS and ESTATE of WHITSOMHILL, lying within the united parishes of Whitsom and Hilton, consisting of the Farms of Deadrig and Cartrig, Whitsom Vaults, with the Small Possessions of Murdies Hill and Claypotts, all presently possessed by John Hogarth; the Farm of Whitsomhill possessed by William Mason; and the Lands called Easter Whitsom, possessed by David Jeffrey.

These Lands consist of 621 acres, and amount of yearly rent to the sum of 542l. 13s. 6d. and will rise very considerably upon the expiry of the present leases, some of which have only a few years to run; and all the leases contain proper restrictions as to the management of the Farms.

The whole of the above Lands, excepting some small pendicles in the town of Whitsom, hold of the Crown; and it is supposed that, upon a division of the valued rent, there will be sufficient for three freehold qualifications.

The Stipend and School Salary amount to 9l. 10s. 6d. and there is an obligation from the heirs of Sir David Dalrymple of Hailles to relieve all the Lands of any future augmentation of stipend, except the small pendicles in Whitsom.

For further particulars application may be made to Mr Alexander Low at Woodend, by Dunse, who has full power to conclude a private bargain.

SET OF THE LIGHT-HOUSE, &c. *ON THE ISLAND OF MAY.*

To be LET for two or three years from Whitsunday next, or for such a term of years as may be agreed upon,

THE DUTIES payable for the LIGHT-HOUSE on the ISLE of MAY, with the Pasturage of the Island, and privileges belonging thereto.—The Duties will either be let separately, or along with the pasturage, &c. as tenants may incline.

From the great encrease of trade at Leith, since these duties were last let, and from the increase of trade at the other ports liable to the duties, a considerable rise of rent is expected.—The pasture of the Island will be let at the sametime, with the fishing and other privileges; and the proprietor will give every encouragement, either by building houses for lighting the house by reflecting lamps, or otherwise

Proposals in writing, specyfying what rent will be given for a lease, if the landlord is at the expence of keeping up the light, or what rent will be given if the tenant is to be at that expence, may be transmitted to Mr James Walker, writer to the signet, between and 12th November next.

The names of the offerers and their terms shall be concealed. None need apply who cannot find undoubted security for payment of the rent, and for performance of the other conditions of the lease.

FARM IN FIFE.

To be LET for such number of years as can be agreed on, and to be entered to at Martinmas first,

THE WEST MAINS of KILBRACKMONTH, lying in the parish of Kilconquhar, and county of Fife, as presently possessed by John Forbes, and containing about 138 acres of rich arable land. A part of the farm is inclosed with stone dykes, and about 50 acres are in grass, more than one half of which is old, and has been pastured. The farm lies within four measured miles of the harbour of Ely, and eight miles of Cupar, the county-town, and there is plenty of coal and lime in the neighbourhood.

Proposals in writing may be given in betwixt and Martinmas next, to Mr James Walker, W. S. Edinburgh; or to Mr Whyte in Crail; and those rejected will be concealed if desired.

SALE OF SAUCHRIE IN AYRSHIRE.

The upset price being now REDUCED *from* 8500l. *to* 7000l.

THE LANDS and ESTATE of SAUCHRIE, lying in the parish of Maybole and shire of Ayr, are to be exposed to public auction, in the Royal Exchange Coffee-house, in Edinburgh, *on Friday the 15th day of November next*, between the hours of one and two o'clock afternoon.

This estate consists of 755 English acres; it is three miles distant from the town of Maybole; six miles from Ayr; and about the same distance from coal and lime, to which there is easy access by good roads. The free yearly rent (the public burdens being trifling) is 254l. 1s. 1d. which must rise considerably on the expiry of the present leases.—About 300 acres of the lands are inclosed and subdivided; the fields are in general well watered, and sheltered with hedge-rows of old trees and broad belts of planting, all which are in the most thriving condition. There are nearly 40 acres of wood on this property, of very considerable value, great part of which may be cut and thinned at present with much profit and advantage.

The Mansion-house is delightfully situated, with suitable Offices and an excellent Garden; the whole being calculated for the accommodation of a genteel family. The Farm Houses are new and substantial, a purchaser may enter to the immediate possession of above 60 acres of valuable land surrounding the house. The estate and neighbouring country abound with game, and a fine trouting stream runs through the lands.—A more desirable country residence is not at present to be found.

This estate is held feu of the Prince. The lands are not thirled to any mill; and the teinds are valued and exhausted. An accurate measurement and plan of the property has been lately made, with an estimate of its value including the growing timber upon the estate, and with the title deeds and leases, may be seen in the hands of Alexander Young, W. S. No. 48, Queen Street, Edinburgh.

A copy of the plan and measurement may likewise be seen in the hands of Tho. M'Clelland, writer in Ayr, who will furnish every other necessary information; and the house and ground will be shewn to any person who may apply for that purpose, at the Mansion-house of Sauchrie.

Offers for a sale by private bargain, will be received by Mr Young, any time between and the day of sale.

ESTATE IN THE COUNTY OF BERWICK.

To be SOLD by Public Roup or Private Bargain, *The day of sale to be afterwards fixed*,

THE LANDS and BARONY of KIMMERGHAME, lying in the parish of Edrom, and county of Berwick.

This estate, which is well inclosed, contains about 1820 English acres of rich arable ground, all let on improving leases, to substantial tenants, except about 150 acres in grass, let annually, or in the proprietor's hands. The nett rental for this year is only 1757l. 11s. 5d. Sterling; next year it rises about 100l. more. Several of the principal farms are let at low rents. Their leases expire in the course of a few years, when a very considerable rise of rent may be depended upon. The farm-houses, fences, and inclosures have been built out, and finished in the most substantial manner, and are in complete repair, and excellent order. The estate is situated in the most populous part of Berwickshire, two miles south of the post town of Dunse, and about twelve miles from the great market towns of Kelso and Berwick-upon-Tweed. The river Blackadder runs through the estate, and within two hundred yards of the present mansion-house. The mansion-house, though small, is in good repair. There is a good garden, with hot-house, &c. and there has lately been built a complete and extensive court of offices. There is shell marle, and an excellent going free-stone quarry upon the estate. The old wood is extensive and valuable, and the stripes and clumps of young planting and policy are all in a thriving condition. The lands hold blench of the Crown, and are of sufficient valuation to afford five Freehold Qualifications. The teinds are valued, and belong to the proprietor.—The lands will be shewn upon enquiring at Kimmerghame House; and for farther particulars application may be made to Mr Low at Woodend; Mr Veatch at Swinton-mill, Berwickshire; and Mr Swinton, W. S. Edinburgh; in whose hands the title-deeds, rental, plan, and measurement, may be seen, and who has powers to conclude an immediate private bargain.

A CAPITAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

THE HOUSE, POLICY, and ESTATE of MOLLANCE, lying in the parish of Crossmichael and stewarty of Kirkcudbright, rented at 1029l. Sterling, and consisting of about 941 Scots acres, of which about 64 acres are covered with old wood or thriving plantations. The soil is allowed to be amongst the best in that fertile district, which is justly considered the Kernel of the Stewarty. The rivers run and the country slopes to south-east; and, from the dryness of its soil, is warmer, and has more fair weather, than most parts of the kingdom north of the Trent and the Mersey, being protected from the cold fogs of the East Sea by the Scotch mountains, and from the storms and rains of the Western Ocean by the north of Ireland, and the mountains of West Galloway.

These lands are situated in a fine sporting country, and lie alongst the great road from Dumfries to Port-Patrick, about fourteen miles from the former, and within three of the market and post town of Castle-Douglas, and five of a harbour, where lime and coal are easily imported from, and grain, &c. exported to the west coast of England. On one of these farms there is an excellent situation for an inn, precisely midway betwixt Dumfries and Gatehouse, an advantage not possessed by any of the present inns on that road. The farms are possessed by a set of the most intelligent, industrious, and wealthy tenants in the country, and are all well inclosed and subdivided, having convenient new built farm steadings, sheltered with belts of planting. There still remains some marle upon the estate undug, and plenty may be had from Cralingwark Loch, in the neighbourhood.

This estate affords four Freehold Qualifications to vote for a Representative in Parliament, all on distinct farms, by old extent. It is intended to sell one of the farms at the extremity of the estate, with a freehold qualification, apart.

The proprietor has right to the teinds, which were also valued in 1766; and the lands are free from all attriction, except to the barony mill, which makes a part of the subject to be sold.

The house is most sufficient, and fit for the accommodation of a large family. There is a complete set of offices, with a productive dovecoat; ponds stocked with fish of various kinds; a garden, orchard, and fruit walls in full bearing. The surrounding domain consists of about 150 acres in the lawn, and eight inclosures, with unusually strong fences and easy access. There are good well laid out roads through the whole estate; and from a number of genteel families living in the neighbourhood, it is in every respect a desirable residence.

As these lands are now *positively* to be sold, persons desirous of such a purchase ought to come forward without delay.

For particulars apply to the Proprietor at Blackwood, by Dumfries; or to Alexander Blair, writer to the signet, No. 34, George Street, Edinburgh.

HOUSE AND OFFICES IN ST ANDREW'S SQUARE.

To be SOLD, and entered to betwixt and Martinmas next,

THE Large Elegant HOUSE, No. 32, east side of St Andrew's Square, with the back ground, two stables, two coach-houses, and other offices, all finished in a substantial and elegant manner.

Most of the furniture may be had with the house.

The premises will be shewn at any time by the servant in the house; and for particulars apply to Mess Young, Trotter Hamilton, and Co. Prince's Street.

SALE OF BREWERIE, DWELLING HOUSE, &c. *At the Foot of Campbell's Close, north side of the Canongate.*

To be exposed to SALE, by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday, the 6th day of November, 1799, between the hours of one and two o'clock afternoon,

ALL and HAILL that DWELLING HOUSE, lying on the east side, and at the foot of the Close called *Campbell's Close*, on the north side of the Canongate, with a BREWERIE belonging thereto, lying on the opposite side of the Close, consisting of a Brewhouse, Tunhouse, Storehouse, and Stable, with the Malt-barn, and three Lofts above the same, with the Malt-kiln, and Peat-house, adjoining thereto, and Steephouse, with the Wells belonging to the said Brewerie and Malt-barn, Lead Pump, and haill other pertinents of the said Brewerie and Dwelling House; with the Yard in use, to be set with the said Brewerie, lying betwixt the said brewhouse and kilns. Which whole subjects formerly belonged to the deceased David Morrison, brewer in Canongate, and will be exposed to sale in one lot.

But, in the event of their not selling in one lot, they will be exposed in the following lots, viz.

LOT I. To consist of the Dwelling House, lying upon the east side, and at the foot of Campbell's Close.

LOT II. To consist of the whole remaining Subjects above described; but this lot, if intending purchasers shall incline, will be also divided into two lots:—The first lot to consist of the Brewhouse, and others necessary for carrying on the brewing business—and the second lot to consist of the Malt-barn, and others, necessary for carrying on the malting business. The purchaser's entry to the whole of this lot may be immediately.

As these subjects are most eligibly situated for carrying on the brewing and malting business, they are worthy the attention of persons in these lines.

For further particulars apply to James Balfour, writer to Mr Gibson's, No. 15, York Place, who will shew the title-deeds and articles of roup, and who has power to conclude a private bargain between and the day of sale, for the whole or any part of the subjects.

LANDS, COAL, AND HOUSES, To be SOLD, near Borrowstounness.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, in the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, on Wednesday the 20th day of November next, at two o'clock afternoon, if not previously disposed of by private bargain,

ALL and Haill the LANDS, COAL, HOUSES, and other Properties in the neighbourhood of Borrowstounness, which belonged to the deceased David Hardy, comprehending the Grounds of TEMPLE LANDS, and the CROFT LANDS, sometime since exchanged for the Lands called the GAWS.

These lands contain eleven acres or thereby, the former holding of the town of Linlithgow, for payment o a blench duty of one penny; the latter of the Duke of Hamilton, for payment of twenty pence yearly; the other burdens are proportionally small.

These grounds have several Dwelling Houses, and a complete Farm Steading upon them. They lie within a quarter of a mile of Borrowstounness, and are full of coal; the first seam of which is a splint coal, of four feet thick, at the depth of 11 fathom from the surface; the second is also four feet; the third eighteen feet; and beneath these, there are two other seams, of four feet each.

The ground and coal rise from the Duke of Hamilton's pits, presently working. A highway passes through the ground, and there are roads in every direction, so as to answer country sale as well as exportation.

The ground is under lease for two years, with a reservation of power to work the coal.

To manufacturers it would be an inestimable property;—and if any such incline to purchase, the coal may be sold separately.

The title deeds may be seen in the hands of Archibald Dunbar, W. S. George's Square, who has powers to conclude a private bargain, and from whom other particulars may be learned.

SALE OF LANDS *IN THE COUNTY OF FORFAR.*

To be SOLD by public roup, within the house of Miss Fildes, vintner in Arbroath, upon Tuesday the 29th day of October current, betwixt the hours of twelve noon and one o'clock afternoon,

THE ESTATE of LOCHLANDS, lying in the parish of St Vigeans, and county of Forfar.

These lands are pleasantly situated close by the thriving manufacturing town of Arbroath; are bounded on both sides by a turnpike road, and consist of about 74 arable acres, of a good soil, and betwixt four and five acres of Hill and Loch. The present rent, after deducting public burdens, is 148l. Sterling, 43l. of which is yearly feu-duty payable out of about five acres, adjoining to the town, which were feued some years ago; and it is probable that some acres more of the same field may be feued to greater advantage. The purchaser can enter to about 35 acres of the best of the land at Martinmas 1800, and to the rest at Whitsunday 1803, when a very long lease expires, and a great rise of rent may be expected. The lands afford a Frechold Qualification, which may be sold either with or without the property, as purchasers shall incline. There are upon the estate many beautiful situations for building, commanding a fine view of the sea, the town, and the adjacent country; and these advantages render it a very desirable purchase. A considerable part of the price may remain in the purchaser's hand upon proper security.

For further particulars application may be made to the proprietor at Manse of Maryton by Montrose, or to Charles Greenhill, Esq. at Old Montrose, who has power to conclude a bargain before the day of sale; and Henrie Petrie, brewer in Arbroath, will show the lands.

SALE OF LANDS IN ROXBURGHSHIRE.

To be SOLD by roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 18th December next, at one o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS called LARETBURN, lying on the south side of St Boswell's Green, near the village of Lessudden, and within four miles of the town of Melrose.

The lands are bounded upon the west by the great road from Edinburgh to Jedburgh, and consist of 109 acres or thereby, all arable, well watered, partly inclosed, and very improveable. The privilege of pasturage on the said green of St Boswell's is also attached to the property, and upon the ground there is an eligible situation for building a mansion-house.

As the tenant has hitherto paid the public burdens and the expence of inclosing, the rent has therefore been low; but it is expected 80l. may now be obtained. The lands hold of a subject superior, for payment of a small feu-duty.

For particulars apply to James Ferguson, W. S. who will show the articles of roup, title-deeds, and a plan of the lands.

TAN-WORK AT ARBROATH.

To be SOLD by public roup, upon the 11th November 1799 on the spot, at 12 o'clock noon,

THE WHOLE HERITABLE PROPERTY, in one Lot, belonging to the TAN-WORK, being the only Work of that kind in or about the Town. It was substantially set down, and is in very good repair—has a constant supply of running water; and contains eighty-four Pits, for the different operations of tanning leather; Bark-lofts, that will hold 100 tons; Drying Shades are large; Bark-mill, Currying Shop and Stove, Leather Cellars, Stable, Hay-loft, and a Dwelling-house and Garden. As the proprietor is to dispose of this subject on account of his health, the purchaser may have access to work in his leather as he works his out, or have the whole leather on hand, upon a fair valuation.

For particulars, or private bargain, apply to JAMES LOWSON, Arbroath, the proprietor, who will give every reasonable advice to a purchaser, if required.

BERWICK PRICES OF GRAIN, Oct. 19.

Per boll of six Winchester bushels.

Wheat	80s od to 0s od	Barley	28s od
New do	50s od to 0s od	Oats	22s od to 23s 0d

BERWICK BUTCHER MEAT.

Per lib of 16 oz English.

Beef	4 d to 5 d	Veal	6 d to 7 d
Mutton,	3½d to 5 d	Pork, per stone	0 s 7 d